# The Bombay Gazette

No. 11,178 New Series. BOMBAY:—WEDNESDAY, SEPTEMBER 24, 1884.


## SHIPPING.

### PENINSULAR AND ORIENTAL COMPANY.

STEAM to ADEN, SUEZ, PORT SAID, MALTA, GIBRALTAR, PLYMOUTH, LONDON, BRINDISI, VENICE, TRIESTE, AND MARSEILLES.

PROGRAMME OF DEPARTURES.

| Vessel | Tons | H. P. | Captain. | FRIDAY. |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| L. Ballarat | 4732 | 700 | F. S Tomlin | 26th Sept. |
| — Gwalior | 3733 | 560 | F. Harris | 3rd Oct. |
| L. Indus | 3462 | 600 | W. E. Breeze | 10th ,, |
| M. Hydaspes | 2851 | 500 | G. Scrivener | 17th ,, |
| L. Rome | 5013 | 1000 | G. F. Cates | 24th ,, |
| — Nizam | 3726 | 500 | G. W. Atkinson | 31st ,, |
| L. Shannon | 4148 | 800 | J. S. Murray | 7th Nov. |
| M. Assam | 3038 | 500 | S. F. Cole | 14th ,, |
| L. Cathay | 2983 | 500 | T. Fairclough | 21st ,, |
| — Lombardy | 2726 | 500 | W. E. Thompson | 28th ,, |

The steamers marked L proceed direct to London via Malta, and those marked M via Marseilles. By the others passengers for London change vessels at Suez. All London steamers call at Plymouth.

A steam-barge will leave the Company's Dockyard, Mazagon, at 3 p.m., on the day of sailing to convey passengers on board.

STEAM TO COLOMBO, STRAITS, CHINA, JAPAN, AND AUSTRALIA.

| Vessel. | Tons. H.P. | Captains. | On | 1884. |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| MALWA | 2930 600 | A. C. Loggin | 3rd Oct. | |
| ROSETTA | 3302 700 | G. W. Brady | 17th ,, | |
| MASSILIA | 4911 1000 | S. D. Shallard | 31st ,, | |

Return Tickets are now issued at greatly reduced rates to all ports, for particulars of which apply to

F. D. PARKER,
Superintendent, P. & O. S. N. Company.

Bombay, Sept. 12, 1884.

### PENINSULAR AND ORIENTAL COMPANY.

BRINDISI ROUTE.

THROUGH TICKETS from BOMBAY to LONDON *viâ* Brindisi, including the Continental Railway Fare, are now issued on favorable terms; and return tickets available for three and six months, Tickets can also be obtained which allow passengers to travel 1st class by the steamer and 2nd class by rail from Brindisi to London.

MARSEILLES ROUTE.

STEAMERS leave BOMBAY for MARSEILLES and LONDON direct every four weeks (see general advertisement), and the voyage to the former port is accomplished in 19 days in fair weather (21 days during the Monsoon). The railway journey from Marseilles to London occupies about 37 hours.

Fares to London, by the sea route or *viâ* Marseilles, including the Railway Fare across the Continent:—

First Class Rs. 690. Second Class Rs. 370.

Return Tickets are also issued, for particulars of which and all other information on the subject, apply to

F. D. PARKER,
Superintendent, P. and O. S. N. Co.

Bombay, Sept. 1, 1884.

### NAVIGAZIONE GENERALE ITALIANA.

SOCIETA RIUNITE FLORIO RUBATTINO.

THE Regular Mail Steamers leave BOMBAY on the 1st of each month at noon, calling at ADEN, SUEZ, PORT SAID, MESSINA, NAPLES, GENOA, and MARSEILLES, starting from GENOA on the 24th of every month for BOMBAY.

FARE to all Ports of Italy and Marseilles, Rs. 500, Rs. 340, and Rs. 170 for First, Second, and Third Class respectively, inclusive of Wine. Infants are allowed free. Children over three and under ten years, half fare. Families will be allowed liberal discount.

Passengers' heavy Baggage will be delivered in LONDON, FREE OF CHARGE, to the extent allowed in the handbooks.

A discount of 35, 20, and 10 per cent. is allowed to Passengers returning within three, six, and twelve months respectively from the date of LANDING.

The following or other First Class Steamers will leave Bombay:—

| | Tons. | H.P. | |
|---|---|---|---|
| RAFFAELE RUBATTINO | | | |
| TINO | 5,000 | 850 | on Wednesday, 1st Oct. |
| MANILLA | 5,000 | 750 | on Saturday, 1st Nov. |
| CHINA | 5,000 | 750 | on Monday, 1st Dec. |

Steam Launch leaves Apollo Bunder between 10 and 11 a.m. on the day of Sailing, with Passengers and heavy Baggage.

Through Railway Tickets available for 17 days, to London *viâ* Calais or Brighton, both from Genoa and Naples are issued here.

For Handbooks of information and other particulars, apply to

F. BOZZONI, Agent.

Sassoon House, Elphinstone Circle, Bombay, Sept. 1, 1884.

### CIE. NATIONALE DE NAVIGATION.

REGULAR MONTHLY STEAMERS TO MARSEILLES.

THE new first-class steamer CANTON, 3,700 tons register, 500 horse-power, will LEAVE BOMBAY for MARSEILLES direct on the 20th October. She carries a Doctor and Stewardess.

RATES OF PASSAGE.

First class to Marseilles, Rs. 600, including wines. Children under 3 years, free. Under 10, half fare.

The Railway fares from Marseilles to London are as follows:—

*Via* Calais and Dover (Mail)..... 1st class £ 7 5 0
*Via* Dieppe ..... 1st class .. 5 15 0

Passengers' heavy luggage will be delivered in London free of charge to the extent allowed by the passage tickets.

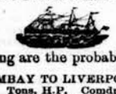
For further particulars, apply to

KALLI BROTHERS,
Agents.

Bombay, 20th June, 1884.

### ANCHOR LINE.

INDIAN SERVICE BETWEEN BOMBAY, LIVERPOOL, AND MEDITERRANEAN.



THE following are the probable sailings:—

BOMBAY TO LIVERPOOL.

| Name. | Tons. H.P. | Comdr. | Sailing about |
|---|---|---|---|
| s.s. VICTORIA | 3250 480 | Wm. Russell | 3rd Oct. |
| s.s. CALIFORNIA | 3400 480 | H. S. Young | 21st ,, |
| s.s. BELGRAVIA | 5000 1000 | D. C. Boothby | 15th Nov. |
| s.s. NUBIA | 3553 480 | T. G. Knox | To follow. |
| s.s. PERSIA | 4500 600 | R. Hutchison | do. |

To be followed by other 1st class steamers at regular intervals.

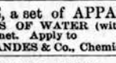
For the convenience of *Indian* passengers an Agency has been opened at 8, Regent St., London, S.W.

For rates of passage and further particulars apply to

W. & A. GRAHAM & Co.,

Bombay, 20th September, 1884. Agents.

### CITY LINE OF STEAMERS.



THE following are the probable sailings, Bombay to either Liverpool or London:—

| | Tons. | Comdr. | Sailings about |
|---|---|---|---|
| S.S. City of Venice | 3206 | H. Y. Moffall | 15th Oct. |
| S.S. City of Manchester | 3125 | A. Macdonald | 15th Nov. |
| S.S. City of Carthage | 2650 | D. McPherson | 15th Dec. |

For rates of passage and further particulars apply to

SIR CHARLES FORBES & Co.,
Bombay, 5th Sept. 1884. Agents.

FOR SALE, a set of APPARATUS for the ANALYSIS OF WATER (without the Chemical Balance), Rs. 55 net. Apply to

FERNANDES & Co., Chemists, &c., Bombay.

BEST INVALID PORT.—This wine is carefully selected and guaranteed as of excellent quality and very highly recommended by medical practitioners for invalids and convalescents. Price Rs. 27 per case of one dozen quarts,

FERNANDES & Co., Chemists, &c., Bombay.

AGRA CLUB DEBENTURES.

A FEW DEBENTURES, each of rupees one hundred, and bearing interest at seven per cent. per annum, payable half yearly, are STILL AVAILABLE. Apply to Major F. W. CHATTERTON, Honorary Secretary.

FOR SALE.

PRESENT STOCK and what may be made up to June 15, 1885, of COTTON OPENER DUST, DIRT, SEEDS, &c. Apply

JAMES SCOTT & Co.,
Secretaries, Managers, and Agents, The People of India Spinning and Manufacturing Company, Limited.
40, Forbes-street, Bombay.

DARJEELING-HIMALAYAN RAILWAY COMPANY, Limited.

FOR SALE.

FOUR LOCOMOTIVE ENGINES, two feet gauge, by Sharp Stewart and Co., Manchester, in good working order.

W. STEVENSON,
Secretary, D. H. Railway, Darjeeling.

THE MOFUSSIL COMPANY, Limited.

NOTICE is hereby given that a DIVIDEND of Rs. 30 per share will be paid on and after THURSDAY, the 25th instant, at the registered Office of the Company, 18, Rampart Row, Fort, to those Shareholders whose names stood on the Register on the 20th September, 1884, on production of share certificates.

By order of the Directors,
ARTHUR HUSON,
Chief Agent.

Bombay, 22nd September, 1884.

VICTORIA HOTEL,
THE ESPLANADE, BOMBAY,
Opposite the Polo and Cricket Ground and next the Gymkhana.

With a splendid view of the Sea and Malabar Hill.

THIS Hotel has been lately enlarged and contains first-class accommodation for Visitors and Boarders. Comfort, Cleanliness and Civility.

TERMS MODERATE.

The Hotel being a detached building possesses every advantage.

LAIRD'S WELSH HARTLEY STEAM COAL.

THIS old and well-known brand is eminently adapted for use and storing in a hot climate, being large, hard, and not so readily affected as other kinds of Coal by exposure to weather. It is supplied of the same good quality as heretofore by

J. P. HIGGINSON & Co.,
25, Castle-street,
Liverpool, England.

## SHIPPING.

THE BRITISH INDIA STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY (Limited),
Intend to despatch Steamers as follows:—

FOR COAST AND CALCUTTA.

S. S. "NOWSHERA," 2,962 tons, on WEDNESDAY, 24th September, 1884, at 5 p.m., calling at such ports as may be arranged. Particulars can be ascertained on application to the undersigned.

FOR KURRACHEE AND PERSIAN GULF.

S. S. "JAVA," 1,465 tons, on MONDAY, 29th September, 1884, at 11 a.m., calling at Kurrachee, Bunder Abbas, Lingah, Bahrein, Bushire, Fao and Busreh, in the forenoon or any order, weather permitting.

FOR ADEN, ZANZIBAR AND MOZAMBIQUE.

S. S. "BAGHDAD," 1,271 Tons, on 9th October, 1884.

FOR KURRACHEE AND KATTYWAR COAST.

S. S. "PUNJAUB," 1,080 tons, on WEDNESDAY, 24th September, 1884, at noon, calling (weather permitting) at Verawal, Mangarole, Porebunder, and Cutch Mandavie.

MACKINNON, MACKENZIE & Co.,
Bombay, 15th September, 1884. Agents.

INDIA TO THE HOLY LAND,
EGYPT AND BACK,

Starting Bombay, September 16th and October 3rd.
Do. Calcutta, Sept. 4th, 13th, 18th, and 30th.
From Rs. 800 to 1,300.

A fifty days' trip, including all Steamer, Hotel, and Camp expenses.

Programme upon application.

Reduced Single and Return Tickets to Europe and Australia. *See* Book of Routes, with Maps, As. 8.

Address—

THOMAS COOK AND SON,
BOMBAY: 17, HORNBY ROW;
CALCUTTA: 10½, Old Court House Street.

## NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

ASPARAGUS,
Finest Picked German,
Rs. 2 per tin, Cash.

TREACHER & CO., Limited,
BOMBAY, BYCULLA AND POONA.

MALTED NURSERY BISCUITS.
The best food for Infants and Invalids,
Easily digested and very palatable.
Rs. 2 per tin, Cash.

TREACHER & CO, Limited,
BOMBAY, BYCULLA, & POONA.

MARMALADE,
CAIRN'S HOME-MADE.
Very delicious flavour.
1 lb. tins, 9as., Cash.

TREACHER & CO., Limited,
BOMBAY, BYCULLA, AND POONA.

SUITABLE FOR EENAM.

GOLD and SILVER WATCHES, open case and hunting, with key and keyless, full plate and three-quarter plate, gold, plain and compensation balance, half-quarter and minute repeater, by eminent makers of London—such as Jas. McCabe, Royal Exchange; Rotherham and Son, London; John Jones, 338, Strand; A. R. Trewinnard, London, and Soduljee Pestonjee.

None can be had so cheap anywhere in India.

CHUBB'S BOX AND LOCK MART,
47, Parsee Bazaar-street, Fort, Bombay.

MINTON'S TILES,
PLAIN AND ENCAUSTIC,
FOR PUBLIC BUILDINGS AND DWELLINGS,
As laid by us in
Numerous Churches, Banks, and Dwellings in every part of the country.
Glazed and Enamelled Tiles for Mantels, Hearths, Wainscotting, etc., and for Exterior Decoration.

WARDEN & Co.,
Meadow-street, Fort, Bombay.

MINERAL WATERS.

WE receive these direct from the springs, and guarantee them perfectly fresh and genuine, viz.:—

| | |
|---|---|
| Hunyadi Janos. | Victoria. |
| Evian Les Bains. | Aesculap. |
| Carlsbad. | Tarasp. |
| Friedrichshall. | Contrexeville. |
| Morny—Chateauneuf. | Vichy. |

KEMP AND CO., Limited,
ELPHINSTONE CIRCLE, BOMBAY.

ANTIPYRIN,
THE NEW GREAT FEVER REMEDY.

KEMP AND CO., Limited,
BOMBAY.

MALABAR, AND CUMBALLA HILLS,
BREACH CANDY, AND NEIGHBOURHOOD.

IMPORTANT NOTICE TO RESIDENTS.

KEMP AND CO.'S
NEW ESTABLISHMENT,
41, CUMBALLA HILL,
Is replete with every requisite for the
HOUSEHOLD AND NURSERY,
contains the latest additions of Medical Comforts, and is under the Superintendence of a
THOROUGHLY QUALIFIED
LONDON PHARMACIST.

KEMP & CO., LIMITED,
BOMBAY.

CIGARS AND CHEROOTS.
FINEST TRICHINOPOLY TOBACCO.

| | | | Rs. | A. |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| CHEROOTS | "Selected Mess" per Box of 100 | | 2 | 0 |
| CIGARS | "Planters No 1" | ,, ,, | 2 | 4 |
| ,, | "Planters No 2" | ,, ,, | 2 | 0 |
| ,, | "Beehive" | ,, ,, | 2 | 0 |
| ,, | "Kemp's Special" | ,, ,, | 2 | 8 |

The above are all very Superior, and have been selected for us as mild and good in flavor, drawing well, and convenient in size and shape.

MANILLAS.

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| No. 2 Cigars of selected brand | ,, | ,, | 7 0 |
| No. 2 Cheroots of selected brand | ,, | ,, | 7 0 |

KEMP AND CO., Limited.
FORT, AND CUMBALLA HILL,
BOMBAY.

TAPEWORM.
KEMP AND CO.'S
FLUID EXTRACT OF
POMEGRANATE ROOT BARK
(PREPARED IN VACUO).

A SURE, safe, and effectual remedy for the above disfressing and harrassing complaint. One bottle when taken according to the directions has never been know to fail in effecting a complete cure in the most troublesome cases.

Per Bottle Rs. 2-8.

Prepared only by
KEMP AND CO., Limited,
ELPHINSTONE CIRCLE, BOMBAY.

BASCH & PARDOWITZ.

VIENNA AND PARIS CASH BAZAAR.
READY-MADE CLOTHES FOR LADIES,
GENTLEMEN AND CHILDREN.

WE beg to announce to the public in Bombay and up-country that we have established ourselves at No. 4, Hummum-street, Fort. We have the latest fashions arrived from Paris and Vienna, and beg to solicit that our prices are considerably cheaper.

We beg for a trial which will satisfy the public. Every requisite for Ladies' toilette in stock from the latest Fashions in Paris, too numerous to mention. Chairs of every description.

BASCH AND PARDOWITZ,
PROPRIETORS.

## NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

CITY LINE.

THE first class steamer CITY OF VENICE, 3,207 tons, will sail for London or Liverpool on or about 15th October. Carries a Surgeon and Stewardess. Two Berth Cabins, Baths, Punkhas, &c., with every comfort for passengers.

This vessel is well known as a favourite passenger ship from Calcutta, and has very superior accommodation for a large number of first class passengers. No others taken.

For further particulars apply to

SIR CHARLES FORBES & Co.,
Bombay, 24th Sept., 1884. Agents.

WESTERN INDIA TURF CLUB.

A THIRD EXTRAORDINARY GENERAL MEETING of the members of the Club is called for SATURDAY, 11th October next, at 1a. m., at the Poona Race Stand.

J. CLARK,
Honorary Secretary.

Bombay, 23rd September.

B. B. & C. I. RAILWAY.
NOTICE.
RESUMPTION OF THROUGH BOOKING.

THE line having been REPAIRED TRAFFIC of every description is now being CONVEYED THROUGH as usual.

J. R. DUXBURY,
Traffic Manager.

Bombay, 24th September, 1884.

NOTICE.

ALL persons having claims against, being indebted to, or holding property belonging to the Estate of THOMAS CRAUFURD LONGCROFT, late a Major General, Retired List, Madras Staff Corps, formerly on the effective list, as Deputy Adjutant General, Madras Army, deceased, are hereby required to state their claims, pay their debts, and hand over such property to the undersigned forthwith. All claims must be sent to the undersigned at his office within one month from the date of this advertisement. At the expiration of the said period the assets of the estate will be remitted home to the Executors under the deceased's will, and claims received after that period will not be recognised.

LOUIS P. RUSSELL,
Acting Administrator General of Bombay, and Administrator of the Estate of Thomas Craufurd Longcroft.
Administrator General's Office, Bombay, 23rd Sept, 1884.

NOTICE.
ORIENTAL SPINNING AND WEAVING COMPANY, Limited.

NOTICE is hereby given that an INTERIM DIVIDEND of Rupees fifteen per each share of Rs. 625 and Rupees three per each new share of Rs. 125 for the half year ending 30th June, 1884, will be payable at the registered Office of the Company, No. 31, Meadow-street, Fort, on and after THURSDAY, the 2nd October, 1884, between the hours of 11 a.m. and 3 p.m. to those Shareholders whose names shall stand on the Company's Register on the 25th instant.

The Transfer Books of the Company will be closed from the 26th instant to 1st October next, both days inclusive.

Shareholders are requested to produce their share certificates when applying for their Dividend.

By Order of the Board of Directors,
JEHANGIR EDALJI DAVAR,
Secretary.

Bombay, 22nd September, 1884.

GREAT INDIAN PENINSULA RAILWAY COMPANY.
KEROSINE OIL.

THE Agent is prepared to receive at his office, Elphinstone Circle, up to 1 p. m., gun-fire, on WEDNESDAY, the 8th October next, Tenders for the supply, during the year 1885, commencing 1st January, of 8,000 cases of purified and refined Petroleum or kerosine oil of very best quality, water white, and warranted to be not less than 150° fire test,—each case to contain 65 lbs. nett of oil. To be delivered from time to time as required in lots not exceeding 1,000 cases.

No notice will be taken of any Tender unless accompanied separately by a deposit of Rs. 500 in cash or Government Promissory Notes, and this amount will in the event of the Tender being accepted be retained as security for due fulfilment of Contract.

The Agent does not bind himself to accept the lowest or any Tender.

ALFRED KING,
Storekeeper.

Storekeeper's Office, Parel, 23rd September, 1884.

THE SCINDE AND PUNJAB COTTON PRESS COMPANY, Limited.

ધી સીંધ એન્ડ પંજાબ કોટન પ્રેસ કંપની, લીમિટેડ.

NOTICE is hereby given that the 13th ANNUAL ORDINARY GENERAL MEETING of the Shareholders of the above Company will be held at its registered Office, No. 3, Tamarind-lane, Fort, on TUESDAY, the 7th October, 1884, at 3 p.m., to transact the following business, viz:—

1st. To receive and adopt the Report and audited Balance Sheet for the year ending 31st August, 1884, and to declare a dividend.

2nd. To appoint a Director in the room of one retiring from office, but who is eligible for re-election.

3rd. To appoint, an Auditor for the year 1884-85 and to fix his remuneration.

By Order of the Board Directors,
શા મુલજી જેઠાની કું.
i.e., MOOLJEE JAITHA & Co.,
Secretaries and Treasurers.

Bombay, 23rd September, 1884.

N. B.—The Transfer Books of the above Company will be closed from 27th September to 7th October, 1884, both days inclusive.

BAY RUM AND GLYCERINE
HAIR WASH

POSSESSES wonderfully stimulating properties, and promotes the growth of the Hair without injury to the skin.

Price Rs. 2 and Rs. 3-8 per bottle.

ERASMUS WILSON'S HAIR WASH,

Prepared from the formula of the late Professor Wilson. An excellent remedy for preventing the Hair falling off.

Price Rs. 2-4 per bottle.

LIMEJUICE AND GLYCERINE

Effectually cleanses the skin of the Head and promotes the growth of the Hair.

Per bottle 14 as. and Re. 1-4

THOMSON AND TAYLOR,
35, Esplanade Road, Bombay.

IODISED SARSAPARILLA.

THE extraordinary efficacy of this combination as a BLOOD PURIFIER and RESTORER cannot be too highly estimated. In the treatment of all kinds of diseases arising from impurities in the blood it is invaluable.

Price per bottle Re. 1-8.

TARAXACUM AND PODOPHYLLIN

has a beneficial action on the Liver and effectually dispels drowsiness, headache, flatulence, &c., arising from any derangement of the liver or spleen.

In bottles at Re. 1-8 and Rs. 2-8.

ELIXIR CASCARA SAGRADA

has had a long and favourable reputation as a Laxative and Tonic.

It gives relief in cases of habitual Constipation.

Re. 1-8 per bottle.

ELIXIR OF PEPSINE, BISMUTH AND NUX VOMICA.

This preparation is a Combination of three useful remedies in a most palatable form and will be found very efficacious in cases of Indigestion and Dyspepsia.

Per bottle Rs. 2.

PREPARED ONLY BY
THOMSON AND TAYLOR,
MANUFACTURING CHEMISTS,
BOMBAY.

TOILET SOAPS.
ERCKELAER'S CELEBRATED TOILET SOAPS.

Bouquet de Violettes, Rosee Printaniere, à la poponax, à l'Heliotrope.

Re. 1, Re. 1-4 and Re. 1-8 per box of 3 tablets.

PEARS'S TRANSPARENT SOAP.
Tablets, Balls and Sticks.
10 as., 14 as., and Re. 1-4.

TOILET SOAPS.
In boxes containing three tablets.

| | |
|---|---|
| Almond. | Elder Flower. |
| Brown Windsor. | Honey. |
| Curd. | Glycerine. |
| Sunflower. | Carbolic. |

Per box 12 as.

FOR SALE BY
THOMSON AND TAYLOR,
CHEMISTS,
35, Esplanade Road, Bombay.

A GENTLEMAN with several years' Indian journalistic experience is open to an engagement, either to undertake the entire conduct of any journal or as Joint, Assistant, or Sub-editor.

No objection to take up the management or superintendence of any Press or News Office. Advertiser understands thoroughly the minutiæ of every department of a Printing Office and carries with him a good business connection. First-class references. Address "A. Z.," care of General Post Office, Calcutta.

GREAT INDIAN PENINSULA RAILWAY COMPANY.
TALLOW.

TENDERS are invited for the supply of such quantities of PURE CLEAN TALLOW, as the Company may require, for twelve months, commencing 1st November next (estimated at 70 tons).

Tenders, sealed, and endorsed "Tender for Tallow," specifying the rate per cwt. delivered at the Stores Depot, Parel, will be received by the Agent, at the Company's Offices, Elphinstone Circle, up to 1 p.m. (gun-fire) on WEDNESDAY, the 24th instant, after which hour no Tender will be received.

A small sample, say 5 oz., must accompany each Tender.

No notice will be taken of any Tender unless accompanied separately by a deposit of Rs. 1,000 in cash or Government Promissory Notes, and this amount will, in the event of Tender being accepted, be retained as security for due fulfilment of Contract.

The Agent does not bind himself to accept the lowest or any Tender.

ALFRED KING,
Storekeeper.

Storekeeper's Office, Parel, 2nd September, 1884.

## TREACHER AND COMPANY'S SPIRITS IN JARS OR CASKS.

| | | Cash Prices. Rs. | a. |
|---|---|---|---|
| TREACHER'S "Fine Old Glenlivet," a special blend of Scotch Whisky in jars, per Impl. gall. | | 10 | 0 |
| Do do. | in qtr. casks of about 25 galls. ,, | 9 | 0 |
| TREACHER'S Old Irish | in jars ,, | 10 | 0 |
| Do do. | in qtr. casks of about 25 galls. ,, | 9 | 0 |
| TREACHER'S Superior "Old Hollands" | in jars ,, | 6 | 12 |
| Do do. | in qtr. casks of about 25 galls. ,, | 6 | 8 |
| TREACHER'S Dry Unsweetened Gin | in jars ,, | 8 | 0 |
| Do do. | in qtr. casks of about 25 galls. ,, | 7 | 8 |
| TREACHER'S London Old Tom | in jars ,, | 7 | 8 |
| Do do. | in qtr. casks of about 25 galls. ,, | 7 | 0 |
| TREACHER'S Finest Old Jamaica Rum | in jars ,, | 10 | 0 |
| Do do. | in qtr. casks of about 25 galls. ,, | 9 | 0 |

Empty Jars for the above—2 gallons Rs. 3; 4 gallons Rs. 4.

Plated Taps Rs. 2 each.

The same price allowed for them delivered free at our godown.

TREACHER & COMPANY, LD.
WINE MERCHANTS,
BOMBAY, BYCULLA, AND POONA.

## THE NEW ORIENTAL BANK CORPORATION, LIMITED,

WILL COMMENCE BUSINESS HERE ON 1ST PROXIMO.

CURRENT ACCOUNTS will be OPENED and interest allowed on daily balances at 2 per cent. per annum.

DEPOSITS will be received for fixed periods in the following terms:—

For 12 months ..... 5 per cent. per annum.
For 6 ,, ..... 4 ,, ,,

DEPOSITS will also be received for other periods at rates to be learned on application.

DRAFTS on London and Agencies will be granted at the Current rate of Exchange.

SECURITIES will be received for custody and INTEREST and DIVIDENDS COLLECTED when due. The PURCHASE and SALE of SECURITIES will also be undertaken.

CLAIMS on the Official Liquidator of the Oriental Bank Corporation will be received for collection.

A. F. SIMPSON,
ACTING AGENT.

Bombay, 20th September, 1884.

## FOR SALE.

RICHARDSON & CRUDDAS
CAN SUPPLY FROM STOCK THE UNDERMENTIONED MACHINERY, &c., GIVING IMMEDIATE DELIVERY.

HORIZONTAL ENGINES, Shanks and Son's "Caledonian," 10, 14 and 20-horse power.
VERTICAL ENGINES, with Boilers, Shanks and Son's, 4 and 10-horse power.
PORTABLE ENGINES, Clayton and Shuttleworth's, 10 and 12-horse power.
PORTABLE ENGINES, Hindley's "Diagonal," 4-horse power.
CORNISH BOILER, with 5 Galloway Tubes, 20-horse power.
CENTRIFUGAL PUMPS, Gwynne's, 6, 7 and 8 inch.
Do. Do. Laurence's Improved, 4, 6, 7, and 8 inch.
STEAM PUMP, with Boiler, Tangye's, 4 inch water and steam cylinders.
PUNCHING AND SHEARING MACHINES.
Single ended to punch and shear ¾ plate.
Double ended, do. do. ¾ plate.
Do. do. do. 1 plate.
PLANING MACHINES, 8' by 1' 8" by 1' 8"
LATHES, SLIDING, SURFACING, AND SCREW CUTTING.
6" centre, 6' bed; 7½" centre, 8' and 10' bed;
9" centre, 10' and 12' bed; 12" centre, 20' bed.
SCREWING MACHINES, Seller's Patent, to screw ¼" to ¾" and ¾" to 2."
DRILLING MACHINES, various sizes.
SAW BENCHES, Ransome's, to carry Saws to 42" dia.
MORTAR MILLS, for Steam and Bullock power, 6, 7 and 8 feet pans.
PUMPS, Lift and Force, of various kinds, for manual power.
FIRE ENGINES, Metallic, for manual power.
CHAFF CUTTING AND GRAIN CRUSHING MACHINES.
CRAB WINCHES, Single and Double purchase, to take 2, 4 and 6 Tons, direct from barrel.
PULLEY BLOCKS, CHAINS, AND LIFTING JACKS.
DOULTON'S STONEWARE PIPES, 4 to 12 inches.
BAR IRON, Best Staffordshire, 'Hingley's Netherton Crown,' Round, Square, and Flat
Do. do. Hull Forge Co., Ordinary and Welsh.
ANGLE AND TEE IRON, of all ordinary sections.
PLATES, for Girder and Ship work, from ¼" to 2" thick
Do. Lowmoor, for Boiler work.
SHEET IRON, of various gauges.
GALVANIZED, CORRUGATED AND PLAIN SHEETS AND RIDGING, Ash and Lacy's 'Globe Crown' brand.
CAST IRON PIPES, turned and bored, 2 to 9 inch; also Bends and Tees.
WROUGHT IRON, do. ¼" to 4" with fittings.
SLUICE VALVES, with Flanged and Socket Ends.
PLATFORM WEIGHING MACHINES.
TAPS AND DIES, Whitworth's and Chatwin's.
PORTABLE FORGES, Bellows and Fan.
WIRE FENCING, ORNAMENTAL IRON GATES, &c.
ASPHALTE, "Seyssel," and BITUMEN.
STEAM VALVES, COCKS, TRAPS, and other Boiler fittings.
BOLTS AND NUTS, RIVETS, NAILS, and other small Stores.
PICKAXES, SHOVELS, POWRAHS, DRILLS and Crowbars.
LEATHER BELTING AND DELIVERY HOSE, INDIA-RUBBER SUCTION HOSE, TANNED CANVAS, RUBBER LINED DELIVERY HOSE, &c.
CALVERT'S CARBOLIC POWDER, 15 per cent. acid, and SANITAS POWDER as supplied to Bombay Municipality.
SILICATE PAINTS AND DURESCO in all colours.
LINSEED OIL, Boiled and Raw, TURPENTINE, etc. etc.
FIRE BRICKS AND FIRE CLAY, extra quality.
PORTLAND CEMENT, Gibb's guaranteed quality, in casks of 400 lbs. gross, &c. &c.

ILLUSTRATED CATALOGUES AND PRICE LISTS ON APPLICATION.

## BOMBAY METAL MART.

## FAVRE LEUBA & CO.

WATCHMAKERS AND JEWELLERS,
23, RAMPART ROW,
BOMBAY,

BEG to call the attention of the Public to the following SPECIALITIES in their large stock of which they can strongly recommend, and which have gained for their qualities as Timekeepers a widespread reputation.

THEIR SILVER 50 RS. LEVER WATCH

The great and increasing demand for these Watches have induced Messrs. F. L. & Co to make them in all sizes, and either in hunting, half-hunting and open face cases.

The "smallest" the usual size of a Lady's Watch, would be an admirable substitute for a Lady's Gold Watch when travelling or for daily use.

THEIR SILVER 75 RS. WATCH

Has all the qualifications of the 50 Rupees Watch, but is in an extra heavy case with gold hinges. Its movement is fitted with a compensation balance and with a hair-spring system Brequet.

THEIR SILVER KEYLESS WATCHES
Rs. 90, 110 and 135.

THE RAILWAY WATCH AT RS. 40.

Messrs. F. L. & Co. can recommend this well-finished Watch to anyone who requires a strong and serviceable time-keeper, and one which will bear the roughest work.

THE RAILWAY WATCH AT RS. 60.

Messrs. F. L. & Co. would draw the attention of Railway Companies and employes to these Watches which are of extra large size and can be guaranteed and recommended as reliable time-keepers.

Parcels sent post free throughout the whole of India.

Two years' guarantee is given for all the above Watches.
Initials engraved gratis to buyers. Terms—Cash.

FAVRE-LEUBA & CO.,
WATCH-MAKERS & JEWELLERS.

## B. PHILLIPS AND CO.'S ELECTRO-PLATE DEPARTMENT

IS now replete with a very choice selection of articles of GUARANTEED QUALITY in NEW and NOVEL DESIGNS specially im... SEASON, and most suitable for HOUSEHOLD... noted below:—

| | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Biscuit Boxes | from Rs. | 18 | to | Rs. | 50 |
| Breakfast Dishes | ,, ,, | 27-8 | to | ,, | 40 |
| Card Stands | ,, ,, | 16-8 | to | ,, | |
| Cake Baskets | ,, ,, | 22-8 | to | ,, | |
| Crump Scoops | (Stag) | | | | |
| Ice Pitchers | from ,, | 31 | to | ,, | |
| Claret Jugs, plain | ,, | | | | |
| Flower Vases | from ,, | 12-8 | to | ,, | |
| Salts in sets of 4 | each | | | | |

Tea and Coffee Servi...

"Temple House," POONA. { Outst...

STONE'S L...

Special...

BASS &...

## CALCUTTA INTERNATIONAL...

THREE PRIZE MEDALS AND THREE... were awarded to

C. MARCKS AND CO...
WATCH-MANUFACTURERS, GOLDSMITHS...
BOMBAY AND POONA.

FOR Rs. 200 NET C...
they will send
Free by post, to any part of India, caref...

A FIRST-RATE KEYLESS LEVER HUNTING WATCH... engine turned or plain case, with full jewelled movement, finest l... and chronometer balance wheel, in polished walnut case, with spare g... years' stamped guarantee.
Or in stout crystal fronted 18-CARAT GOLD case at Rs. 170, net ca...

C. MARCKS ...
OPPOSITE UNIVERSITY CLOCK TOWER...

M. M. MODY & ...
SHIP-CHANDLERS,
GENERAL MERCHANTS, AND COMMISS...
Cotton Mill, Gin, and Press Stores.
Engineers' Contractors', Municipality and Railway I...
Iron, Corrugated Iron Roofing, Steel, Lead, Zinc and Met...
Weighing Machines, Scales, Spring Balances, and W...
Pumps, Centrifugal, Fire, Lift and Force and Well Pu...
Paints, Hubbuck's Varnish, and Boiled and Raw Linseed...
Pump Hydraulic and Sole Leather Engl...sh.
Calf, Buck and Kid Skins.
Cooking and Warming Stoves.
Machinery Importers from England,
Wholesale and Retail.
Keep always large stocks in hands.
Prices Moderate.

We have for sale best Sail Canvas, Tarpaulins; Disinfecting Powder, MacDogal's... Leather Hose, India-rubber, and India-rubber Suction Hose and also Deliver... Iron Blocks, Manilla Rope, Crab Winch, etc., etc.
Up-country orders promptly attended.
Prices furnished on application.
Apollo-street, Fort, Bombay.

## SPECIAL SHORT ADVERTISEMENTS.

The scale for these Advertisements is as follows:—Not exceeding 3 lines Re. 1 each succeeding line, As. 8. No trade advertisements are admitted under this scale.

CHAMPAGNE, HEIDSICK'S DRY MONOPOLE, bottles Rs. 54, half-bottles Rs. 28 per doz.—BARTON & Co., Limited, Church-gate-street.

MAHABLESHWUR READY LAID DAK—Framjee Ardaseer, Mail Contractor, appointed Dak Spiller in ordinary to H. E. the Governor of Bombay, has always on hand at Civil Lines, Poona, comfortable DAK PHAETONS and TONGAS. Terms moderate.

CHUBB AND SON'S SAFES, Writing, Cash, Paper, and Key Boxes, Locks and Pad-locks. Sole Agent in Bombay, Eduljee Pestonjee, 47, Parsee Bazaar Street, Fort.

WANTED, a HOUSE in the Marine Lines, furnished or unfurnished. Address X., *Gazette* Office.

WANTED, a PONY, 13-3, strong, &c., to match in harness. Address Lieut.-Col. MERRIMAN, Byculla Club.

A NEWLY ARRIVED EUROPEAN young man wants a situation in some line of business. Apply S. R., care of this paper.

WANTED, a small CARRIAGE with a horse and harness. Also a good milch cow. Address T. F. P., Bruce-lane, Fort.

WANTED, a good PIANIST to give about three lessons per week. Apply stating terms to B., care of *Bombay Gazette*.

CHORAL FESTIVAL, St. Thomas' Cathedral, Monday, September 29, 6 p.m. Books of Words and Music to be had at SOUNDY & Co.'s, 8 as. each.

GREEK OLIVE SOAP, made from pure olive oil. Unequalled for household and table purposes. At all Chemists and Grocers. 4 annas per bar.

GREAT WESTERN HOTEL, BOMBAY.—Lt.-Col. Shaw, V. C., of the Royal Irish, and Mrs. Shaw stayed two days in the Hotel and found everything most comfortable.

A POOR EUROPEAN ORPHAN, 15, is being sent home. Any lady going home on 17th October or by a previous steamer who will charitably look after her on the voyage will kindly communicate with Mrs. D. WILSON, Rutnagiri.

INDENT ORDERS for novelties of German Toys, Meerschaum Pipes, Cigar-holders, Knives, Fancy and Jewellery goods, Hosiery and Drapery Bonbon, &c., solicited by Mr. JACOB WEISS, Frankfort-on-Maine, Germany. Bank, Agra Bank, Calcutta.

TEMPLE BAR.—TOM SAYERS, Bombay BREAKFASTS, TIFFINS, DINNERS.

FOR SALE, PIANO by Bluthner, short grand, in perfect order. Rs. 1,000. Apply to Colonel BONUS, Poona.

SNUFFS.—Prince's Mixture, Morton's Mixture, Real Macouba, exquisitely aromatic

## INTELLIGENCE

Y EVENING, SEPT. 23.
ll remain at 101½, French
e Paper at 80½ for Fours,
rs-and-a-half. The only
ised in Reuter's financial
Bank shares, which show
tered Mercantile, and 10s.
hai.

markets Linseed is dull
Rapeseed firm and 3d.
heat is without change.
esterday was steadier in
0 bales, including 1,200
he same as on Saturday,
e 32d. per lb. higher.
come 12 points higher,
he two days, 25,000

tinctly firmer to-day,
f the home advices.
ew Broach were
the quotation is
been done in new
and Rs. 151 for
n somewhat better
eport are reported
about good Bhow-
hen the business
ales, not much in an
terlude of activity as
ullness.
and prices are quite

s. 6-3 per cwt. owing

ally altered. We still
Liverpool, 17s. 6d. to

re quiet with nothing
notice in the market.
e and Rs. 18 per ton is
e home side.
turn firmer again to-day
dvance. Reuter quotes
igher at 50¼d., but this
icipated through private
th is still derived from
re buyers at current rates
delivery but after that 1-32d.
dy rates at the close are :—

| | |
|---|---|
| .....1s. 7¼d. | per rupee. |
| .....1s. 7 15-32d. | " |
| sight .....1s. 7⅛d. | " |
| do. .....1s. 7 23-32d. | " |
| do. ..... 20½ | " |

PAPER opened firm at Rs. 99½ for
ime rates seemed likely to advance
t the market closes rather quiet
5 for cash, and Rs. 99½ for delivery,
Fours-and-a-half the rate is nominal at

e market is closed to-day for the Parsee

### MBAY BILL AND STOCK LISTS.

BANKS.

| | Shares. | Amt. | Paid up. | Last Dividend. | Cash Rate |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| | | Rs. | Rs. | | Rs. |
| INDIAN BANKS. | | | | | |
| Bank of Bombay | 20,000 | 500 | all | 14 p.ct. | 755 |
| Bank of Bengal | 42,000 | 500 | all | 1 do. | 850 |
| Bank of Madras | 10,000 | 500 | all | 5 do. | 630 |
| | | £ | £ | | |
| EXCHANGE BANKS. | | | | | |
| Agra Bank | 10,000 | 100 | all | 6 do. | 118 |
| Hong. and Shang. B. Corporation | 60,000 | £125 | all | 4 do. | £50 |
| National Bank of India | 37,320 | £ 250 | 12½ | 5 do. | 98 |

LAND COMPANIES.

| | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Colaba Land & Mill Co. | 1,000 | 700 | 700 | Rs. 30 | 735 xd |
| Port Canning Co. | 6,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 14 | 320 xd |

RAILWAY COMPANIES.

| | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| G. I. P. Railway Consolidated Stock | .. | £20 | 218-3-0 | 5 p.ct. | 350 |
| Do. New £20 shares | .. | £20 | 130-14-6 | do. | 580 |
| Ditto | .. | £20 | 65-7-3 | do. | |
| Ditto | .. | £20 | 21-13-1 | do. | |
| B. B. & C. I. Ry. Co. | .. | £100 | 1,000 | do. | 617 |
| Do. New Shares | 61 | £18 | 6-5-0 | do. | 5½ |

PRESS COMPANIES.

| | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Akbar Cotton | 150 | 5,000 | 2,850 | Rs. 125 | 900 |
| Akola Press Co. | 85 | 500 | all | Rs. 50 | 430 |
| Albert Ginning Co. | 100 | 500 | all | 18 p.ct. | 435 |
| Albert Press Co., Kurrachee | 200 | 2,000 | 1,100 | Rs. 100 | 1,180 |
| Apollo Press Co. (small shares) | 755 | 400 | 400 | Rs. 30 | 335 |
| Bellary | 620 | 1,000 | 1,000 | Rs. 20 | 550 |
| Berar Cotton Ginning and Press Co. | 600 | 500 | all | Rs. 80 | 600 |
| Broach Cotton Ginning and Press Co. | 1,400 | 200 | all | .. | 42 |
| Bombay Cotton Press. | 200 | 500 | 500 | .. | 1,200 |
| Colaba Press Co. | 50 | 1,880 | 1,880 | 80 | 1,500 |
| Dholleria P. & G. Co. | 5 0 | 200 | all | 12 | 140 |
| East India Press Co. | 700 | 1,000 | 1,000 | Rs. 100 | 1,250 |
| Fort Press Co. | 150 | 325 | 3 as | 400 | 2,725 xd |
| French Press Co. | 300 | 500 | all | 45 p.s. | 550 xd |
| Harvey & Sabapathy Co., Ld. | 150 | 500 | 500 | .. | 325 |
| Khansgaum Cotton Press Co. | 240 | 500 | all | 10 p. ct | 590 |
| Lanmar Manfg. Co | 600 | 250 | 250 | Rs. 40 | 350 xd |
| Mercantile Press | 100 | 125 | 25 | Rs. 37½ | 140 |
| Mofussil Co. | 3,125 | 400 | 400 | Rs. 45 | 417½ |
| New Indian Press | 2,400 | 125 | 125 | Rs. 25 | 208½ |
| Prince of W. Press | 500 | ..... | 500 | 100 | 612 |
| Sabapathy Press Co. Ld., (Bellary.) | 500 | 500 | 500 | — | 575 |
| Sind Press Co. | 400 | 2,000 | 750 | Rs. 55 | 590 |
| Sind & Punjaub Cotton Press Co. | 100 | 1,000 | 750 | Rs. 150 | 1,275 |
| Samson Press Co. | 300 | 500 | 500 | 25 | 515 |
| Volkart Press Co. | 450 | 90 | | 65 | 800 |

## SHIPPING INTELLIGENCE.

THE ship County of Addington, 1,865 tons, Captain W Fordyce, will sail to-day for Calcutta with a general cargo.

THE steamer Kalanedi, 50 tons, Captain H. Sumacker, arrived in harbour yesterday from Greenock (16th Aug.) in ballast.

THE steamer Shiravate, 50 tons, Captain John Alcock, arrived in harbour yesterday from Glasgow (16th Aug.) with three bags of species.

THE steamer Nigaria, 2,044 tons, Captain William Gill, arrived in harbour yesterday from Liverpool (23rd Aug.) with a cargo of 3,200 tons coals. The vessel is consigned to Edward, Bates and Co.

### ARRIVALS.

| Sept. | Vessels. | Commander. | Destination. |
|---|---|---|---|
| 23 | Niagara (s) | Gill | Liverpool, Aug. 23. |
| | Shiravate (-) | Alcock | Glasgow, Aug. 16. |
| | Kalanedi (s) | Sumacker | Greenock, Aug. 16. |

### DEPARTURES.

| Sept. | Vessels. | Commander. | Destination. |
|---|---|---|---|
| 23 | I. G. Clive (s) | Powell | Kurrachee. |
| | I. G. Canning (s). | Creagh | Kurrachee. |

Ship County of Haddington, Fordyce, to Calcutta, obtained her port clearance yesterday.

The following vessels were entered for loading yesterday :—

Steamer Henzada, to London via Kurrachee, &c.
Ship H. Printzenberg, to Chittagong.

### DAILY IMPORTS.—SEPTEMBER 23.

FROM GLASGOW.

Britania s—25 cases whiskey, Cutler, Palmer and Co.
Merton Hall s—5 hogsheads claret, Cutler, Palmer and Co; 6 cases wall paper, Abdoolhoosein Tyebjee.
Clan Ogilvie s—39 packages earthenwares, Jafferbhoy Rahimtoola; 40 packages earthenwares, S M Fazul; 52 casks empty soda-water bottles, Rogers and Co.
Clan Maclean s—5 cases plate glass, Adibhoy Haiderbhoy.

FROM LONDON.

Henzada s—10 cases varnish, T. M. Tazkhan; 63 cases matches and 4 casks shoe-heels, Byramjee Shapoorjee; 1,751 plates soft spelter, E. Goculdas; 50 cases champagne, Volkart Brothers.
Hydaspes s—2 boxes gold coins (Rs. 1,22,000) and 223 boxes silver bars (Rs 665,0..), The Chartered M. Bank; 246 boxes silver bars (Rs. 725,000), The Hongkong and Shanghai Bank; (Rs. 60,000. The French Bank; 122 ...xes gold and silver bars (Rs. 420,000), The National

...63 cases claret and 30 cases wine, Bolton and ...uses champagne, Ewart, Latham and Co; 28 ...mstores, E. Sumsoodin and Co; 13 bales ...Abdoolhoosein Tyebjee; 40 cases oil- ...3 case-p o isions, Goolamally Jeewan- ...asks paints, E. Keekabhoy; 10 casks ...maljee Allybhoy; 4 packages paper, ...c. Ewart, Latham and Co. ...r, S. A. S. Dawood.

...RIESTE.

...0), Glade and Co; 66 ...ilter Jametta, Bell,

## THE ZHOB FIELD FORCE.

IT is NOTIFIED that POSTAL ARRANGEMENTS will be made for keeping up communication with the ZHOB FIELD FORCE on and after the 1st OCTOBER next. All correspondence for this force should be addressed to THUL CHOTIALI CANTONMENT for onward transmission.


DR. F. B. SEERVAI,
SURGEON DENTIST,
No. 3, H RNBY ROW,
Opposite the Bombay General Post Office.

MR. N. H. GHEESTA,
DENTAL SURGEON,
MAY BE CONSULTED FROM 9 A. M. TO 5 P. M.
No. 23, RAMPART ROW,
Opposite the Floral Fountain, next to *Bombay Gazette* Office.

MR. C. A. GRAVES,
SURGEON DENTIST,
NO. 14, RAMPART-ROW,
OPPOSITE WATSON'S HOTEL.

DEFECTIVE OR FAILING SIGHT.

THE sense of sight is so valuable that the importance of perfect and carefully adjusted spectacles can scarcely be overrated; although the wearing of single eye-glasses should be strictly avoided, we have the highest medical authority, confirmed by daily experience, that imperfect glasses, together with the haphazard plan of selection generally employed, are frequent causes of irremediable injury to the sight; and as no present economy can compensate for such a loss, it behoves all to be cautious how they are tempted to use the common pebble or glass spectacles now so generally sold.

For the guidance of those who are using pebble spectacles, it may be stated that when the pebbles are cut *against* the grain, and not polished on the principle which has been universally declared the most appropriate based on scientific research, they are injurious to the sight.

Unadvisable as the unnecessary wearing of spectacles undoubtedly is, the common notion that their use should be postponed to the utmost is proved beyond dispute to be a grave mistake.

Being in possession of all the optical instruments taken over by us from Dr. A. Menist, we are not only in a position to suit the eye sight to perfection, but to supply different accommodations for each eye which so frequently are needed.

Pamphlet with self-suiting directions free on application

C. MARCKS & Co.
41, Rampart-row, Bombay.

SASSOON INSTITUTE AND LIBRARY,
BOMBAY.
(2 DOORS FROM WATSON'S HOTEL.)
FOUNDED OCTOBER, 1847.

THIS SOCIETY, established for the diffusion of scientific, literary, and mechanical knowledge, possesses a Library, containing upwards of 10,000 books to which the best new works are being constantly added. The reading-room is well supplied with the illustrated and other papers, and all the best magazines are also provided for the use of Members.

SUBSCRIPTION—Life Members, Rs. 150; ordinary Members, Rs. 6 per quarter. Visitors to Bombay are allowed the use of the Reading-room on payment of Rs. 2 per month, or 8 annas per week. Further particulars can be ascertained from the Librarian at the Institute.


## DOMESTIC OCCURRENCES.

[THE CHARGE FOR NOTIFYING A DOMESTIC OCCURRENCE IS TWO RUPEES. THE ANNOUNCEMENT MUST BE AUTHENTICATED.]

BOMBAY.

MARRIAGE.

DEWAR—BROMBY—September 17, at St. Peter's, Mazagon, by the Rev. J. W. Biscoe, assisted by the Rev. Bruce Horne, Alexander, third son of the late Patrick Dewar, M. A., Nairn, to Ruth, second daughter of Thomas Bromby, of Bombay.

OTHER PRESIDENCIES.

BIRTHS.

COOKE—September 15, at End Cliffe Cottage, Naini Tal, the wife of Gordon Cooke, Esq., Deputy Superintendent of Survey, of a daughter.
CHAPMAN—September 18, at Gorakhpur, the wife of T. Chapman, P. W. D., of a son.
LOCH—September 19, at Ajmere, Rajputana, the wife of Major William Loch, Principal of the Mayo College, of a daughter.

DEATHS.

ABBATT—September 15, at Mussoorie, Richard Newton the eldest son of R. H. Abbatt, C. E., E. I. Railway Aged 2 years and 11 months.
TURNER—September 6, at Chirat, Gordon Power Turner, the infant son of Major J. Trench Turner, A. P. D., Paymaster, 2nd Dorsets, aged 3; months.


All MONEY ORDERS, CHEQUES, and other Remittances sent to this office should be made payable to the Proprietor of the *Bombay Gazette*.

# The Bombay Gazette

WEDNESDAY, SEPTEMBER 24, 1884.


THE alarming explosion which occurred at the Arsenal-bunder yesterday forenoon, and sent rockets flying over the Fort, will renew the alarm which has been occasioned in Bombay before by the existence, close to much property and a dense population, of a source of great danger to both. Fortunately there was no loss of life on this occasion, but there is no reason to calculate upon any recurrence of the miracle which rendered the explosion of twenty tons of destructive agents harmless to those in the immediate vicinity. The materials which exploded were condemned stores, including rockets, carcases, and shrapnel, and the like, which were placed on a barge for the purpose of being towed out to sea in order to be thrown overboard, and thus got rid of. The explosives were put in bags and carried by coolies from the arsenal to a barge lying at the bunder. Sergeant Edwards was in charge of the coolies. When about twenty tons had been placed on the barge, through some means one of the bags was set on fire, probably by being thrown down carelessly. The sergeant, with great presence of mind and intrepidity, seized the bag, and endeavoured to throw it overboard, but it was too heavy for him, and the coolies, when they saw what had happened, jumped overboard to secure their own safety. The contents of the bag seem to have actually exploded in Sergeant Edwards's hands, and two holes were made, probably by rockets, in a coat carried on his arm. The bags containing the rest of the material on board the barge then took fire in their turn, and explosions followed each other with alarming rapidity. The rockets went off in every direction, one of them finding its billet near Brigadier-General Edwardes's house near Marine-lines, on the other side of the Fort. The authorities acted with great promptitude, and notice of the danger was sent round to the inhabitants of Elphinstone-circle and other localities. Fire-engines were brought out, and used to put out the flames. Successful efforts were made to tow the barge away from the Arsenal. A long shed, extending from near the position at the bunder which the barge occupied, to a dangerous contiguity to the powder magazine, took fire. At the end nearest the bunder it was filled with hay and other stores, nearer the magazine it held large quantities of oil. If the oil had taken fire, it is the general ...inion that nothing could have saved the ...agazine, which is popularly said to ...upowder to wreck the whole ...is an errone...

address the Government on a subject of so much importance to the peaceful inhabitants of the city, and respectfully urge that steps should be immediately taken to remove a great danger from their midst. The responsibility would be now very serious indeed if, after the warning conveyed in yesterday's explosion, a great disaster overtook Bombay. The explosion yesterday might easily have occasioned the loss of hundreds of lives.

As was anticipated, the protest of the Commissioners of the Caisse of the Public Debt in Egypt against the suspension of the Law of Liquidation by the Egyptian Minister of Finance will not stand alone. Already the French Government have instructed their Consul-General at Cairo to demand the withdrawal of the order. This is a peremptory means of expressing the displeasure of France at what has been done. But what will happen if the Egyptian Minister of Finance replies that he issued the order by command of the Khedive, and cannot withdraw it without receiving His Highness's instructions on the subject? The French cannot do what we did with Arabi—make their displeasure known by bombarding Alexandria and advancing on Cairo. The English are in military and political occupation of the country, and they would object to any such means of exerting political pressure upon the native Government. Clearly the French will have to seek some less direct means of compelling the Egyptians to observe their obligations in respect to the Law of Liquidation. They will in all probability concert measures with the other Continental Powers. What those measures will be it is impossible to predict. Diplomatic pressure may be hard to bear, but if it lead to nothing more serious it will of itself break no bones. With a sufficient stock of patience and an imperturbable good temper, it is possible to bear a great deal of diplomatic pressure. What it most behoves us to know in this matter is not so much what France demands, as what Prince Bismarck intends to insist upon. He alone can get the Powers to act together in such a matter. If he makes up his mind that it is to the interest of Germany that the Egyptians shall abide by the letter of the Law of Liquidation to the bitter end, whatever may become of the country, then no doubt the Minister of Finance, who plays the part of the cat's-paw in this busine... will drop the chestnuts which he has be... employed to snatch out of the fire; in oth... words, the order for the temporary suspensi... of the Law of Liquidation will be withdra... and Nubar Pasha will prove to the satisfaction of Europe that it was never intended to suspend the operation of the law in question even for five minutes. The French demand is, at any rate, in full consonance with the attitude of the French Government at the Conference. The finances of Egypt observed M. Waddington at the Conference, have been twice in liquidation during the last seven years; and a third liquidation would be a mortal blow at the prosperity of the country. The French view, moreover, is one which is more likely to commend itself to the Powers than that which Lord Northbrook is believed to be supporting in Egypt. The real question, however—for the moment at all events—is whether the revenues assigned for the service of the Debt are equal to the demand that will be made upon them when the next coupon falls due. If they are not, then it is hard to see how the administration of them by the Minister of Finance instead of by the Caisse will mend matters. The Minister of Finance, even if he have Lord Northbrook to help him, will not be able to make both ends meet, supposing that the assigned revenues are short of the requirements of the Debt. If they are not short—if the Caisse is still able to pay twenty shillings in the pound—why are its functions, and still more its resources, to be taken from it? We may read the Midlothian speeches very carefully indeed without finding in them a line which will throw forward a ray of light on the events that were imminent in Egypt when Mr. Gladstone undertook to tell his constituents something about the policy of his Ministry in the country.

THE military news from Egypt is still reassuring. First, it is to be noted that Lord Wolseley countermands the order for the 107th and 53rd Regiments which was lately issued. We would not be surprised to find that other regiments are also to be dispensed with, and finally the expedition itself would be postponed to a more convenient season. For one thing, communications with Khartoum have been re-established. The French Consul in that town telegraphs—even the telegraph seems to be re-established—that it is now free from rebels. It is therefore quite possible to send a message telling him that he may, or even that he shall, forthwith evacuate Khartoum, bringing away with him his six thousand seasoned soldiers and as many of the "useless mouths" in the city as he may care to escort. There can now be no difficulty in executing this movement of retreat. The presence of Lord Wolseley's six thousand British soldiers at Khartoum, on the contrary, would render a withdrawal more difficult and more perilous. The limited supply of transport animals would have to do double duty, and would be the more certain to break down, while the scanty supply of well-water on the route, which would be insufficient for six thousand, would be wholly inadequate for twelve thousand. If the object of the expedition be merely to affect the rescue of Gordon, Lord Wolseley can best attain that end by urging his companion in arms to withdraw at once while the road is clear and while the English troops are not present to share the scanty supply of provisions and of well-water, and reduce the available transport service to mere nullity. In a little time, if the present opportunity be allowed to slip, it is possible that the withdrawal may become really difficult. It is reported that the Mahdi is sending fresh forces against Khartoum in consequence of Gordon's recent successes. These troops, if they be sent to the junction of the Nile, will be almost certainly the Mahdi's veterans, and they will be supplied with some of the Krupp guns taken from Hicks Pasha's army. The presence of such a force in the neighbourhood of Khartoum would render the situation more critical than ever. Fortunately chiefs like the Mahdi, who make war by the light of nature, and sometimes gain unexpected success through the inspirations of original genius, may at any time run their head against a stone wall, and destroy in a moment their best chance of success. The Mahdi may be good enough to venture upon some movement which will enable either Lord Wolseley or General Gordon to annihilate his force in an hour. But on the other hand, if he be wary, and take the measures which any European subaltern would take as a matter of course, he may, once he gets his veterans between Khartoum and Upper Egypt, assume what a Frenchman would term an imposing moral attitude.

IT now appears that the so-called comma... ...d bacillus which is a pat...logical feature ...ombay till it ... Gibbes. ...requent- ...mongst ...ying to ...r. ...ppossible that the indefatiga- ... may be the first to reach ...getting further and further ...reports that the road between ...is open, and as there is a ...water in the wells along the ...ls have dispersed, he is of ...r 5,000 might easily reach

## LORDS NORTHBROOK AND WOLSELEY AT ALEXANDRIA.

(FROM OUR SPECIAL CORRESPONDENT.)

ALEXANDRIA, SEPT. 11.

IT was not until 11-30 a.m. on Tuesday that H. M. S. Iris, with Lords Northbrook and Wolseley on board, arrived off the port, and passing through the outer squadron as the bands of the several ships played the National Anthem, entered the harbour, while H. M. S. Invincible and the Egyptian flagship Mahomed Aly saluted the flag of the High Commissioner. Scarcely had the Iris anchored, when Nubar Pasha, Osman Pasha Orphy, and Mr. Egerton went on board; and they were soon followed by Admiral Lord John Hay, accompanied by the captains of H. M.'s ships in harbour. Lieutenant-General Stephenson and Major-General Dormer, with the heads of all the various departments of the Alexandria garrison and numerous high Egyptian officials, also went on board the Iris. About 3 p.m. Lord Northbrook, Lord-Wolseley, Sir Evelyn Baring, and Captain Beaumont, R.N., landed at the Arsenal, where they were received by a large number of high officials, among whom the most conspicuous were Nubar Pasha, Osman Pasha Orphy, Colonel Cotelegan Pasha, Lieut. Colonel Hay, and Mr. Colliard. The cosmopolitan crowd that had assembled, and lined the streets from the Arsenal to the railway station, was by no means a demonstrative one. The Egyptian section of it looked on with the apathy, not unmixed with contempt, with which it invariably treats all demonstrative and undemonstrative attempts on the part of England to unravel the Egyptian tangle. Some few of the most ignorant components of it were harassed by a vague idea that the landing of Lord Northbrook meant annexation; and they were doubtless relieved when the noise and smoke of the saluting that heralded the arrival of the Iris passed away, to leave the Egyptian flag still flo...ing. A silent contempt, too, appeared to be the leading feature of the foreign element, though not unmixed with jealousy, and some faint glimmerings of hope; for much as it might depreciate the presence of an English High Commissioner in Egypt, it was not impossible that in the individual being driven somewhat hastily towards the Mahorem Bey railway station, and apparently deeply engaged in conversation with Nubar Pasha; rested the speedy or ... its indemnities. Lord ... Wolseley, who followed ... was preceded by an English cavalry escort, ... was much more an object of general interest; for though the Baron de Cairo has doubtless many detractors in military circles, he is a favourite with the public, whether English or foreign, who are always ready to render to him the homage that success invariably commands. At the Mahorem Bey railway station a guard of honour of the Yorkshire Regiment was drawn up. As the special train with Lords Northbrook and Wolseley, accompanied by Sir Evelyn Baring, Captain Beaumont, Lieut. General Stephenson, and various Egyptian officials, steamed away from the platform, the guard presented arms. At 8 p.m. the train entered the Cairo railway station where a large crowd had assembled. As Lord Northbrook alighted from the train, he was received by Zulfikar Pasha, who welcomed his lordship in the name of the Khedive, and the several members of the Egyptian Ministry. Lord Northbrook and Sir Evelyn Baring then drove to the British Residency, whither they were escorted by a detachment of the 19th Hussars. Lord Wolseley, who was received by the Headquarters' Staff and all the field officers in the capital, proceeded immediately to the Kasr-el-Noosa palace, which the Khedive has placed at his disposal. Early on Wednesday morning Lord Northbrook had a private interview with the Khedive, to whom he was presented by Sir Evelyn Baring. He was laid before the Khedive his credentials from Lord Granville accrediting him as High Commissioner and recommending him to the Khedive's favour. Tewfic Pasha replied in most gracious terms, and said he would do all in his power to render Lord Northbrook's mission successful. Capt. Beaumont, R. N., Lord Northbrook's Private Secretary, was also presented to the Khedive. Shortly after Lord Northbrook's departure from the palace, Lord Wolseley had the honour of a private interview with the Khedive, after which the Khedive, accompanied by Zulfikar Pasha, left the Abdin palace to return Lord Northbrook's visit.

In the English community in the country the presence of Lords Northbrook and Wolseley is looked upon hopefully. Hitherto inaction and apparent absence of earnestness of purpose have been the stumbling-blocks of our administration. Two difficulties presented themselves—the Soudan rebellion and the regeneration of the Civil Administration. The first was for some time treated as a factor which it was quite unnecessary to take into account, and though a great deal has been said about the latter, very little has actually been accomplished. With the arrival of a sound politician and a successful general, why should not a new *régime* arise? Why should not responsible action take the place of advice, which, though tendered in all sincerity, has invariably been rejected, or accepted in such a degree only as to render the plans of the adviser impossible? At any rate, the present action of the Government seems to vouch for an earnestness of purpose which, though long deferred, has at last animated them to responsible action. The task that lies before Lord Northbrook is by no means an easy one, but he will have, at least, the experience of his predecessors as a foundation for any schemes he may elaborate; and so long as the Government are willing to accept the propositions he may advance, there is no reason to doubt the ultimate success of his mission. One point, however, is necessary, and it is to be hoped that the previous repeated failures have at last educated the Government to an appreciation of it, viz., the British High Commissioner in Egypt must, within certain definite limits, be allowed freedom of action, and unless this point be acceded Lord Northbrook's mission will prove as fruitless as the endeavours of his predecessors. The Debt and the indemnities are doubtless the two first subjects which demand attention, and, owing to international obligations, must necessarily be speedily dealt with. The time for questioning the rights of the indemnity claimants has passed, and though the argument that they have never paid towards the taxes of the country is often advanced as a reason for the non-payment of the indemnities, it must be borne in mind that the Laws of Capitulation exempted all foreigners from taxation, and that in the proclamations that preceded the looting of Alexandria, they were invited to remain in the country, and offered all necessary protection. Doubtless many of the claims that have been passed are exorbitant, but as already two years have passed since they were submitted, and as it has been decided to depreciate them 30 per cent., it seems only fair that they should be settled at an early date. Although Alexandria has to some extent recovered from the "event," as the troubles of 1882 are locally termed, and latterly some slight impetus has been given to the rebuilding of houses and streets, still confidence has not yet been restored, and poverty appears to be greatly on the increase. Men who, prior to the Arabi rebellion, were in comfortable circumstances have been reduced to poverty, and many have been known to sell their indemnity shares at a loss of 60 per cent. Trade is still almost at a standstill, and consequently large numbers of people are out of employment. To make matters worse, a quarantine of seven days has, owing to the cholera in France and Italy, been imposed against all Continental ports with the exception of Trieste, and it is now proposed that arrivals from that port shall also be subjected to quarantine. Consequently the route through Egypt is closed against all passengers to the East, and the small benefit which the country derived from this traffic is indefinitely suspended. Meanwhile, to make the quarantine if possible more inexplicable and obstructive, the Sanitary Board has decided to place arrivals from Bombay in quarantine. All vessels leaving Bombay after the 28th August last will be subjected to seven days' quarantine at Suez. In the case of mail-steamers, however, the regulations are considerably modified, and all first-class mail-steamers will only suffer a detention of twenty-four hours, during which they will be under medical inspection. On the expiration of this period passengers, mails, and cargo will be granted pratique.

That the abandonment of the Suakim-Berber route for the Gordon relief expedition was entirely due to the advice tendered to the Horse Guards by Lord Wolseley is now a generally accepted fact. For some time past the Horse Guards have been urging on the authorities in Egypt the necessity of the Nile route; and it is owing to General Stephenson's opinion of the impracticability of such a course that Lord Wolseley is now in the country, to prove, if possible, the correctness of his conclusions. With the Nile steadily falling, and the suspension of all attempts to pass steamers through the cataracts, the prospect of the Nile route for the expedition is far from reassuring. As Lord Wolseley, however, is supporting his own opinions, it may well be presumed that he will eventually succeed, though the cost of the expedition will in every way be far greater than can have been anticipated. With his elaborate scheme for overcoming the difficulties of the Nile, which necessitates the employment of Canadian ...men and West-African kroomen, and the ...truction of some 500 special boats, it will ...e a serious matter for Lord Wolseley ...e Nile route prove actually impracti- ...t as both his judgment and reputation ..., no fears of failure need be entertained. ...time General Gordon, though success- ...his offensive and defensive operations, ...be running short of provisions, and ...he will only be able to hold out ... November.

## ALARMING EXPLOSION AT THE BOMBAY ARSENAL.

### GREAT DESTRUCTION OF COMBUSTIBLES.

THE Bombay Arsenal was yesterday the scene of an alarming explosion, the accidental destruction of a large quantity of combustibles, not only involving in risk an immense store of other miscellaneous military material, but endangering the powder magazine in its vicinity. A series of rapid reports from the direction of the Arsenal, followed by the appearance of a column of thick black smoke and the startling flight of a number of strange missiles in the air, together with the speeding of the fire-engines through the streets towards the spot, afforded foundation for the most extravagant rumours, for which there was fortunately no foundation beyond the fact that an explosion had occurred. But how narrowly a great disaster had been escaped, and an immense destruction of property, if not of a portion of the city, avoided, became at once apparent from an investigation of the circumstances and the most cursory examination of the surroundings. Briefly stated, no less than twenty ... of combustibles were exploded within the ... precincts of the arsenal, with its departments crowded with operatives and full of ... dangerous compounds, yet a loss of life ... has not only miraculously avoided, but nothing beyond the slightest damage has to be recorded. The unforeseen destruction of such a collection of explosives, and without injury to person or to property resulting, is probably without precedent. It appears that orders having been given for the removal of twenty tons of unserviceable stores, arrangements were made for their disposal in the customary way. It was whilst loading a lighter at the Arsenal-bunder, with the intention of taking the stores as far as the outer lightship, and there throwing them overboard, that the explosion occurred. Roughly speaking, the selection consisted of ten tons of fuses and a similar quantity of what are technically known as loaded carcases, used for blowing up buildings, but it included rockets and rocket fuses, cases of grape shot, rocket tubes, smoke and fire balls. Preparatory to the loading of the barge, these had all been piled together on the edge of the bunder, and the vessel had already received a portion of its cargo when the sudden ignition of one of the parcels rendered unnecessary any further exertion on the part of the Arsenal employés towards carrying out their instructions. A number of magounnies, or labourers, were engaged in the work of shifting the condemned munitions on to the lighter under the direction of Sergeant Edwards, of the Ordnance Department. Work begins each morning at the Arsenal at half-past eight, and was proceeding busily in the departments surrounding the bunder when there came a sharp crack, and a flash of light, like the noise of the discharge of a fuse, or something of a similar character. An extensive range of sheds, occupied as the packing department, ran parallel to the side of the bunder, and the officers on looking hurriedly through the windows witnessed a surprising sight. In order to facilitate the sinking of the miscellaneous combustibles, they had been placed in gunny-bags, and filled about fifty. Sergeant Edwards was seen making a desperate effort to drag towards the bunder, and throw into the water, one of these bags whilst the contents were blazing furiously. Finding his strength unequal to the gallant task he had undertaken, Edwards looked round for assistance, but his coolies had decamped on the first sign of danger, and not one was at hand. Some of the ignited fuses flew into the barge at the side of the bunder, and at once set its contents on fire. All the men on board jumped into the water without more ado, and swam for their lives. Sergeant Edwards heroically stood his ground for a time, but was obliged to withdraw after a second explosion; and within a few moments explosives were bursting in every direction and spreading the alarm far and wide. From the Fort Police Court Mr. Superintendent McDermott was able to see evidences of an outbreak of fire, and Inspector Boorer, the engineer in charge happening to be with him at the time, not a moment's delay occurred in the despatch of the fire-engine; and on arrival at the Arsenal, it was found that the steamer from the Dockyard had already reached the spot, although five minutes had not elapsed. The engines had to be taken to the other side of the Arsenal, but the fire was already so fierce, and the explosions so rapid that they could not pass round by the roadway at the end of the packing department, the doors of which accordingly had to be thrown open for their passage on to the bunder. There was found a good supply of water, and the two engines threw four strong jets upon the burning masses on the wharf and in the lighter.

No little courage was required to face the irregular bombardment that was furiously proceeding at such near quarters, the engines having to take up position within twenty yards of it, and in a space so confined that there was no room admit the engines from Byculla and Poydowree. In front of them the pile of munitions was sending up long signal rockets with heavy iron casings, there was a continuous cracking of fuses, the loud reports of the powerfully charged carcases were succeeded by a forcible scattering of fragments, the vessel was in flames, and on the bunder the fire and smoke balls threw up thick volumes of black vapour which well-nigh obscured everything in the vicinity. Now and again, as an explosion took place, the smoke shot up high in the air, and the smell of the "burnt powder" was spread for a considerable distance. Some idea of the density of the atmosphere may be imagined from the fact that many of the balls were expressly prepared for the purpose of emitting smoke sufficiently thick to screen outpost operations from an enemy in time of warfare, and that they were composed of such substances as resin, tallow, pitch, and sulphur. It was difficult even to breathe the suffocating fumes spread on every side, and afterwards, the watches and chains of those who had come within its area were found blackened by contact with the sulphurous exhalations, although the metal had never left the pocket, and had therefore not been fully exposed to the air. Even gold and silver shirt studs and sleeve links were made as black as ink. Although no shells are reported to have been among the combustibles fired, persons on the spot speak to having witnessed at least one live-shell whiz across the basin, and the prospect of there being others in the heap intensified the excitement prevailing. A large crane on the edge of the bunder, midway between the blaze and the engines, afforded some security, and this was eagerly taken advantage of for the purpose of directing the hose from the latter. A plucky attempt was successfully made to remove the lighter, and the engines then concentrated their efforts upon the land. The great danger to be feared was that the flames might fire a shed a few yards off. This was filled with inflammatory material, a number of wooden cases being close to the explosives; it was known a quantity of oil was stored beyond; and in dangerous proximity to the further end of the range of low buildings thus occupied stood the great powder magazine. Wood is the principal material used in the construction of the departments situated near the bunder, and had the shed referred to once become ignited nothing could have prevented a widespread conflagration, even if it had been possible to protect the contents of the massively-built magazine. Some of the straw in the store shed actually caught fire, but the arsenal employés, who ranged themselves on a little embankment above the greater fire, dealt effectively with this outbreak by throwing the whole into the sea. Not until quarter to eleven was all danger averted, and the explosives having then become exhausted, the engines ceased working, having been in operation forty-four minutes. The bunder was then cleared of the live combustibles remaining, those being cast into the water. Three naval guns standing on the edge of the basin, awaiting shipment to England and elsewhere, lent resemblance to the idea that a brisk cannonade had been in progress.

A cloud of smoke still hung about the Arsenal at eleven o'clock, and the choky fumes of burnt sulphur prevailed. Arsenal-bunder bore abundant traces of the fierce conflict just concluded. All over the surface of the water in the basin was a pitchy black scum, in which floated innumerable small fragments of the wreckage, and here and there scraps of tin that had formed part of the ammunition cases. On the wharf coolies were yet occupied in clearing the ground of the ashy deposit left where the pile of explosives had stood an hour earlier. The glass top of a lamp-post near at hand had been completely shattered by the storm of flying scraps, not an inch remaining whole, and the bunder itself was as thickly strewn with shot, the size of grape, as if it had been the field of some hard-fought battle. Hundreds of exploded percussion fuses scattered for some distance were also significant of the manner in which the wooden buildings of the Arsenal had been imperilled. To trace the course taken by the rockets one had to go far afield. They seem to have been most erratic in their movements notwithstanding their weight, for they were classed as nine-pounders. One of the first persons to arrive at the Arsenal was Brigadier-General Edwardes, who had been alarmed by one of the rockets passing over his bungalow in the Marine-lines, quarter of a mile distant. Fragments of a case were picked up in that locality later on, doubtless belonging to the one which brought the General on the ground. Another soared over the high buildings intervening, and struck a window in the house of Mr. Dadi Sett in Patel-street with such force as to break one of the panels, and then falling to the level of the thoroughfare, once more rebounded to another window. The iron case in this instance remained almost intact, and had not the force of the rocket been almost spent, it would have been a most formidable visitor. Even so far as the Esplanade, in a totally different direction, other fragments have been found. It was the ascent of these rockets, with the sound of the explosions, which distance greatly dulled, but which were still audible a mile away, that attracted the attention, amongst others, of Mr. Superintendent Moffatt, who was on board the police hulk in the harbour. The hulk was lying immediately opposite the Arsenal-bunder, and the Superintendent put a number of men into his steam-launch, and was off to the Arsenal in a trice. In fact, the police had assembled in great strength, their master including Superintendents Smith, McDermott, and Brewin; Inspectors Whittaker (Chief Police, Byculla), Barns (Chief Engineer, Police), Engineer, Rennie, Framjee, Sub-Engineer), Crumsides many of the ... Saunders, and Mahon, be...

The services rendered by the constables, ... of the engines under the greatest difficulty, in the ... and blending in danger, and in the midst of choking ... ed. The ... smoke, cannot be too highly estimat... A ... to this alone is attributable the fact that the ... Arsenal and the Fort have enjoyed a perfect immunity from damage, when, it is no exaggeration to say, there was no slight probability of the whole district being wrecked. But those most actively engaged, at great personal risk, in subduing the fire are themselves most generous in recognising more than one conspicuous display of bravery. Moving about on the spot, on all sides was to be heard expressions of admiration for the conduct of Sergeant Edwards in refusing to desert his post until he was nearly overpowered. Little short of miraculous must have been his escape at all. A great-coat, which he had hung over his arm as he was to accompany the lighter, was pierced in two different places by rockets or fuses before he retired, one of the rents in the cloth extending for nearly twelve inches. Of another incident, honourable to all concerned, there were more witnesses, and all unite in paying tribute to the boldness with which the serviceable feat was performed. In the Government Dockyard the explosion of the rockets at first suggested that the props of one of the vessels in dock had given way with a succession of crashes, but the real state of the case was soon ascertained. The fire-engine was got off in charge of the chief constructor of the yard, and Captain Strut and Captain Downing proceeded to the Ar

# TELEGRAMS.

## SIR F. ROBERTS ON THE VOLUNTEER MOVEMENT.

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.)

MADRAS, SEPT. 23.

Speaking at the distribution of prizes at the Lawrence Asylum, Ootacamund, Sir Frederick Roberts, addressing the boys, advised them to become volunteers, if they did not enlist in the regular army. He said, "I am satisfied it is the duty of every European and Eurasian civilian in India to render himself capable of bearing arms, not only in his own defence, but in support of the Government when occasion may require, and for the protection of the many women and children who are scattered over the country."

## BENGAL GOVERNMENT AND THE CALCUTTA MUNICIPALITY.

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, SEPT. 22.

The Lieutenant-Governor adheres to his appointment of a Commission under section 28 of the Municipal Act, and has refused the Corporation's request that their nominee Mr. Cotton might be relieved of his regular duties as Secretary of the Board of Revenue while the Commission is sitting. He says he can see no justification whatever for the request. He conceives it is the intention of the law that the Commissioners should appoint one of their own number to represent them, and he was in hopes that a native member would have been appointed. He cannot for a moment concede the claim of the Commissioners to fix upon any officer of the Government, and demand, as of right, that the Government should allow him to devote his time to a long and arduous inquiry. At the same time, he is very unwilling to throw any avoidable obstacles in the way of their choice. Mr. Cotton has been able to give a pledge that the discharge of his duty as a member of the Commission shall not interfere with the performance of his functions as a Secretary of the Board of Revenue, and the Lieutenant-Governor has accordingly authorised him to accept the nomination; but His Honour cannot entertain the proposal that Mr. Cotton should be relieved of his official duties and paid his official salary, in order that he may undertake the duty the Corporation has invited him to accept.

## THE ALLEGED DEFAMATION BY A CHAPLAIN.

A case which has excited some interest here, particularly among the sailor classes, closed yesterday. Mr. Lyness, who was for some years employed as a Scripture reader in connection with the Bethel Mission, and was dismissed or resigned early this year and started seamen's coffee rooms on his own account, charged the Rev. Mr. Radcliffe, the River Chaplain, with defaming him by telling the captains and officers of the ships and others that he had collected subscriptions in the name of the Bethel Mission for which he had failed to account. The hearing occupied several days, and yesterday the Chief Presidency Magistrate delivered a long judgment acquitting the defendant.

## THE NEW REGIME.

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.)

SIMLA, SEPT. 23.

The several appointments likely to be vacant on the departure of Lord Ripon are matters of much speculation in Simla. The chances are that the present Private Secretary, Mr. H. W. Primrose, will go, and the present Military Secretary, Lord William Beresford, will remain. Colonel Stephenson and the Hon. Colonel Villiers are talked of in connection with the Military Secretaryship in India, Colonel Villiers is noted. Up to this time, however, nothing has been settled in regard to the matter, and will not probably be in regard to the nothing has been settled in regard to the arrangements.

[REUTER'S TELEGRAMS.]

## THE TROOPS FOR EGYPT.

CAIRO, SEPT. 22.

Lord Wolseley has recommended that the orders given to the 107th and 53rd Regiments to be ready for service in Egypt at the beginning of October be countermanded.

## AFFAIRS AT KHARTOUM.

The French Consul at Khartoum telegraphs that the neighbourhood is now free from rebels.

It is reported that the Mahdi is despatching fresh troops to Khartoum in consequence of General Gordon's late successes.

## THE EGYPTIAN PUBLIC DEBT.

The French Consul-General has received instructions from his Government to demand the withdrawal of the order suspending the revenues assigned for the service of the Public Debt.

## THE INCOMING MAIL.

ADEN, SEPT. 23.

The P. and O. Co.'s s. s. Malwa, with the outward English mails of the 12th instant, left here for Bombay at 6 o'clock this evening.

## STEAMER MOVEMENTS.

LIVERPOOL, SEPT. 22.

The Anchor Line steamer Nubia arrived here from Bombay this afternoon.

LISBON, SEPT. 22.

The B. I. S. N. Co.'s steamer Almora, outward bound for Calcutta, Madras, and Colombo, left here yesterday evening.

MALTA, SEPT. 22.

B. I. S. N. Co.'s steamer Eldorado, homeward bound from Calcutta, Madras, and Colombo, left here this day evening.

MARSEILLES, SEPT. 20.

Cie. Nationale's steamer Canton left here yesterday for Bombay.

COLOMBO, SEPT. 23.

Mail steamer Verona, from Bombay arrived.

LONDON, SEPT. 22.

The Liverpool Cotton market closed steady. Surats steady.

The London Cotton market has been quiet.

| | |
|---|---|
| Good Fair Dholleras | 4 5-16 |
| The Manchester market has been quiet. | |
| 4 per cent. Rupee Paper | 80½ |
| 4 ,, ,, | 83 5-16 |
| 3½ ,, ,, Consols for account | 101¼ |
| 3½ ,, Sterling Loan | 107½ |
| 4½ ,, French Rentes | 109 |
| Bar Silver | 50⅞ |
| Chartered Bank shares | £23 |
| Do. Mercantile do | £19 10s. |
| Hongkong and Shanghai Bank | £49 10s. |

The Delhi and London Bank pays a dividend of 2½ per cent. for the past half-year.

Arrivals.—Artist, Knight of St. George, and Viceroy.

## TELEGRAPH LINE REPORT.

(SEPTEMBER 23.)

STATE OF INTERNATIONAL COMMUNICATION

GREAT BRITAIN.—*Via* Teheran, perfect. *Via* Turkey, interrupted. *Via* Suez, perfect.
CONTINENT OF EUROPE.—*Via* Teheran, perfect. *Via* Turkey, interrupted. *Via* Suez, perfect.
AMERICA.—*Via* Direct, perfect. *Via* Valentia, perfect. *Via* Direct Cable, perfect.
AUSTRALIA.—*Via* Penang, perfect. *Via* Amoy, perfect.
CHINA.—*Via* Penang, perfect. *Via* Amoy, perfect.
Mauritius mail leaves east London on the 29th.
Turkish route right to Pera.
Hongkong-Canton interrupted.
Sharp Peak-Foochow perfect.

## THERMOMETER READINGS.

MONDAY, NIGHT, September 22.

| | |
|---|---|
| 10 p.m. | 77·8 |

TUESDAY, September 23.

| | |
|---|---|
| 6 a.m. | 77·4 |
| 10 a.m. | 80·1 |
| ... | 84·7 |
| 4 p.m. | 82·4 |

THE Venetia, which left Bombay with the homeward English mails of the 16th September, arrived at Aden at midnight on Monday.

THE rainfall at Lanowlee this monsoon up to Saturday, the 20th inst., was 167 inches.

THE Euryalus, Admiral Sir William Hewett's flagship, sailed from Mauritius on the 25th ultimo for Zanzibar.

TWENTY tons of combustibles were accidentally destroyed yesterday morning at the Bombay Arsenal. They were being loaded into a lighter for the purpose of being thrown into the sea, when a bag of fuses exploded and set fire to the rest. The strenuous exertions of the firemen prevented the buildings catching fire, and thus saved the Castle Magazine from danger. No loss of life occurred, and although several nine-pounder rockets descended in the Fort, no property was injured.

A CORRESPONDENT informs the Lahore paper that the Pattiala Council of Regency has, on behalf of the Maharajah, sanctioned a donation of Rs. 25,000 towards the funds of the Oriental Institute.

THE programme of the Duke of Connaught's tour northwards, as settled at present, is said to be as follows:—To reach Rawalpindi on the 27th instant, and Peshawur on the 30th. Return to Pindi on the 2nd October, and reach Murree on the 3rd idem, where a stay of a couple of days will be made. The party will then move on to Srinuggur. The visit is to be strictly private. The Duke will be accompanied by the Duchess, Lord and Lady Downe, Sir Michael Biddulph, and Colonel Stevenson.

IT is announced that the Commander-in-Chief will leave Simla during the first week of November for a short tour of inspection on the line of rail, reaching Calcutta in time to meet the new Viceroy. Delhi, Agra, Cawnpore, and Lucknow will be among the stations His Excellency will visit.

SIMLA is threatened with the largest *burrakhana* on record, even in that hotbed of those familiar abominations. An appeal is made to dine the forces engaged in a projected sham fight at the end of the month, to the number of two thousand.

THE Judges of the Calcutta High Court are divided on the question of whether the Administrator-General should have the exclusive right of administering the estates of deceased persons or share it with Calcutta agency houses.

THE death is reported of Mr. H. Sankey, Bengal Civil Service, on his way from Rangoon to England. Mr. Sankey, who joined the service in December, 1878, was an Assistant Commissioner in British Burma.

COLONEL LOCKHART'S mission to Acheen to procure the release of the crew of the Nisero seems to have succeeded admirably. On his first arrival at Olehleh, a Dutch port on the Acheen Coast, he found everyone firmly convinced that a joint English and Dutch expedition against the Rajah of Tenom would be necessary. It would, however, seem that the negotiations entered into were of a kind to bring the Rajah to his senses, and the wretched prisoners were consequently released without bloodshed. Colonel Lockhart is expected in Bombay on the 1st proximo.

RAO BAHADUR NARAYEN JOGLEKUR, District Deputy Collector of Nasik, has published a small pamphlet intended for the guidance of graduates and undergraduates about to enter the public service. Mr. Joglekur thinks that the fear of being ridiculed for the ignorance of office routine is the principal cause which deters many native graduates from entering the Revenue branch of the public service. To obviate this difficulty he has been at some trouble in putting together in a concise form all the information that would be useful to them. The first chapter deals with the common rules of courtesy to be observed to prevent offending the feelings of European officers and superiors, and is a very curious one as throwing light upon the probable behaviour of an ordinary native graduate in the absence of proper direction, and the amount of deference that is required by European superiors from him. The rest of the book contains details as to the nature and performance of duties in various departments of the service. The work will, no doubt, prove useful to those for whom it is intended.

IT is now settled that the Viceroy will leave the selection of the new Foreign Secretary to his successor, Mr. H. M. Durand officiating from November, when Mr. Grant goes home and virtually retires. The Allahabad paper remarks:—"As this will be the fourth occasion of Mr. Durand's acting in the post, his qualification as a candidate for the permanent appointment will probably be considered complete. If a man of exceptional experience in a Department, and capacity for its work, is to be considered too young at thirty-five for the most responsible post in it, he always will be. Sir Charles Aitchison, like Mr. Durand, sowed his official wild oats early, and was made Foreign Secretary at that same age."

MR. WESTLAND, the Comptroller-General, is expected back in India by the mail of the 16th September. On his return Mr. E. T. Atkinson will revert from acting Comptroller-General to his own appointment of Accountant-General, Bengal, thus ousting Mr. R. Logan, C.S., who will probably act as Deputy Accountant-General, Bengal, at any rate till Mr. S. Jacob's arrival. The last-named officer is expected from England by the mail of the 25th November, and, as a rule, he will give Deputy Accountant-General, who may go to the Punjab. On October 1 Mr. A. C. Tupp, C. S., returns from privilege leave and relieves Mr. J. E. Cook at Allahabad; and about the same time Mr. H. F. Clogstoun, Accountant-General of Madras, takes short privilege leave. The following officers of the Financial Department are due to return from furlough in October and November:—Mr. C. J. Rivett-Carnac on the 16th and Mr. H. G. Keene on the 20th October; Mr. H. J. Palmer on the 1st, Mr. G. W. Cline on the 10th, and Mr. S. Jacob on the 23rd November. Mr. Palmer will return to Hyderabad, and will displace Mr. F. Atkinson.

MR. HUME has taken up the cudgels on behalf of Madame Blavatsky. Writing to the *Statesman* in regard to the letters alleged to have been written by that lady to Madame Coulomb, he says:—

"I desire to warn your readers and the public generally against accepting these supposed letters as altogether genuine. I can do this with the better grace that all connection between myself, Madame Blavatsky, Col. Olcott, Mr. Hume has long since ceased. I was unable to approve of many things in the conduct of the Society and of its journal, and hence, though still warmly sympathizing in its avowed objects, I have, for the last two years or more, been only a nominal member of the Theosophical Society. It is wholly without bias, therefore, that I advise all persons interested in the question to suspend their judgment as to the authenticity of these supposed letters. I will not now raise the question as to whether Madame Blavatsky is capable of participating in foolish frauds, such as these letters would make her appear to have directed. All I desire to point out is this: Madame Blavatsky is no fool. On the contrary, one will find her, be they friends or foes, will admit, she is an exceptionally clever and far-sighted woman with a remarkably keen perception of character. Would such a woman ever give a person like Madame Coulomb the entire power over her future that the *writing* of such letters involves? Or again, say she *had*, in some mad mood, written such letters, would she have come to an open rupture with the holder of them?

ACCORDING to the *Memorial Diplomatique*, the English Government has not in principle rejected the idea of the assembling of a conference or congress at Berlin, to discuss Soudan affairs, but it has refused for the moment to adhere to the proposal, preferring to wait until Lord Northbrook shall have returned from Egypt.

WE were not wrong in our anticipation the other day that the *Daily Telegraph* would get sentimental over the Canadian boatmen whom Lord Wolseley has summoned for service on the Nile. This is what the *Telegraph* says—almost sings—on the subject:—

"In the very act of thus illustrating the unlimited resources of our Empire, we at the same time furnish testimony to the solidarity of its component parts and the unity of spirit which pervades its populations. The Canadian boatmen are eager for service on the Nile; the Iroquois Indians are filled with 'delight' at the proposal that they should join the expedition; and this ready loyalty both of red skin and white serves only to recall the enthusiasm which illumined 'the faithful brown faces,' to quote the phrase of the Laureate, at the summons of Indian troops to Europe six years ago, and the almost fierce competition of volunteers from among their ranks. Pedantry and prudery may say what they will of such demonstrations as these: but no sensible Englishman who recognizes the forces by which the world is governed, and none, we may perhaps add, who is watching the present temper of our nearest neighbour, will fail to welcome any well-timed advertisement of the fact that our little island has its armouries in every corner of the globe, and that the metal of their stored weapons rings true alike in all."

THE *Pall Mall Gazette*—speaking of Mr. Gladstone's candid admission that excessive preoccupation with other affairs had blinded him as to the real significance of the popular movement in Ireland in 1880, and of the frank brutality of Mr. Healy's commentary on that statement that it was a confession that the best trumpet to reach the ear of Parliament was the mouth of a blunderbuss, and that a Prime Minister could not find time to do justice until he heard the slugs rattling along the highroad—says that the fact must be faced that the Parliamentary machine has too much to do, and that a breakdown is inevitable unless we delegate a good deal of the business which occasions the hopeless congestion at St. Stephen's:—

"By trying to administer the affairs of the universe from Westminster we are not only risking the loss of our Imperial position, but we are overstraining our own resources, and retarding the legitimate development of our fellow-subjects. The result of the present system is that nothing is attended to that can be allowed to slide, and the only chance any one has of gaining a hearing is to make himself a nuisance. An overtasked Cabinet and a Parliament crushed by the burden of its responsibilities neglects everything that can be neglected, while all their energies are exhausted in endeavouring to remove those difficulties which threaten to culminate in murder at home and war abroad. That is what the working of our constitutional machinery has brought us to-day, and it is obvious such a situation cannot last. We must either let go part or lose all. If we are to maintain the unity of the empire, we must delegate a large portion of the responsibilities of administration. We may still retain for the Imperial Parliament at Westminster the same absolute authority over all the acts of subordinate Legislatures that it now possesses over the Provisional Orders of the Departments, but the daily burden of deciding upon the innumerable details of the domestic administration of Ireland and Scotland will be shifted from our shoulders to those of Irishmen and Scotchmen. The need is most urgent in the case of Ireland; but we hardly require the warning from Skye to remind us of the advantages, not to say the necessity, of Home Rule across the Border."

THE death of Mrs. Edison, the wife of the well-known inventor, which occurred a short time since in America, has led to the story of her wooing and wedding being revived, with all its singular and romantic features. The deceased lady, whose maiden name was Mary Stillwell, was employed with several other young women by Mr. Edison to aid him in his experiments. He was one day, it is related, standing behind the chair on which she sat punching holes in paper, when she said to him that she could always tell instinctively if he was near her by her feelings. Mr. Edison pondered an instant, and then, straightly looking her in the face, announced, without preface or waste of words, that if she would accept him he would marry her. The young person, rather taken aback, began saying that she really had never thought of such a thing, but was interrupted by her future husband, who, in a business-like way, remarked that of course she had not—that now she could think of it, speak with her mother, and, if all parties were agreed, they could be married in a week from that day. And so they were, the union proving a singularly happy one, it is said, notwithstanding Mr. Edison's rather novel and hasty way of proposing.

THE Montreal correspondent of the *Times* telegraphs as follows:—"The corporation of M'Gill University, in commemoration of the British Association meeting will confer, at the closing meeting, the honorary degree of LL.D. upon the following prominent scientists:—The President, Lord Rayleigh; the following vice-presidents:—The Governor-General, Lord Lansdowne; Sir John A. Macdonald, Sir Lyon Playfair, and Professor Frankland; the general secretaries, Captain Douglas Galton and Mr. A. G. Vernon Harcourt; the secretary, Professor Bonny; the sectional presidents, Sir William Thomson, Sir Henry Roscoe, Mr. W. T. Blanford, Professor Moseley, General Sir J. H. Lefroy, Sir Richard Temple, Sir Frederick Bramwell, and Dr. E. B. Tylor, also upon Professor Daniel Wilson, president of Toronto University and the leading Canadian archæologist; Professor Asa Gray, of Harvard, the leading American botanist; and Professor James Hall, the State Geologist of New York."

THE Trustees of the National Gallery are to be congratulated on having been enabled by the Court of Chancery to complete their purchase of so famous a picture as the "Madonna dei Ansidei." The price of £70,000 is long, but it is almost a patriotic as well as an artistic duty not to let a work of this character leave the country, where it has found a home for a hundred and twenty years. The present is only its second time of purchase—indeed, only its third time of transfer since it was first painted by Raphael for the family chapel of the Ansidei at Florence. There it remained, in the Church of the Serviti, since it came from its master's hand, till it was bought privately, so that it has never yet appeared in any national collection. Altogether its vicissitudes have been singularly few—unlike in this respect the "Charles I.," who has a still greater right to remain in his own country and not again to be sent into exile. The great Duke of Marlborough, who assuredly knew the worth of money, would have taken considerable pride in foreseeing that a picture which he picked up at Munich, whither Vandyke's work, after the execution of its subject, had gone for a song, would come to be valued at £17,500. Whatever the Duke gave for it, the Vandyke, henceforward to take its place in the National Gallery, will be entitled to be reckoned among the triumphs of amateur picture dealing. Of this department of art, however, the chronicle must now nearly have come to an end. Most of the great historical pictures are gradually finding their way into national and royal collections, whence they are little likely to travel in days when the laws of *meum* and *tuum* are regarded even in war time. On the whole, however much the dispersion of a great private collection is to be regretted on other grounds, pictures like the "Madonna dei Ansidei" are best rendered secure against private vicissitude or negligence by having them in national keeping.

KING-MAKING is not exactly the occupation which we could expect to find congenial to a Republic. The other Sunday, however, the French went through the operation for the third time in less than eighteen months in Annam. This makes the fourth monarch whom that unfortunate country has seen since the commencement of last year. First came our old friend Tu Duc, who poisoned himself rather than go to Hanoi, where it was thought his presence with the French troops would cause the Annamite mandarins to lay down their arms. Two junior members of the Royal family ran after in quick succession, both dying by poison, the third, surrounded by French troops. Annamese reasoning on man's lease of life will probably be short, for there was a writing on the wall at the banquet as at Belshazzar's. "I am about," telegraphs General Millot, in reporting the event, "I am about to publish the French ultimatum in reply to the pretensions put forward by the Regents, and also my proclamation to the people of Annam recalling the precise conditions of the French protectorate." The following day these proclamations "were placarded in all the towns and villages of the kingdom." "The truth is," remarks the *Pall Mall Gazette*, "the French in Annam are in much the same situation as we were in Afghanistan. The pretender to the throne who accepts all the French conditions is made King; his relatives and the grandees give him their full support as a matter; his position gradually grows intolerable, and he is either poisoned or he poisons himself, and the farce begins anew, to end, like previous ones, in a tragedy."

A SINGULAR discovery has been made in the parish church of Stourmouth, near Wingham, Kent, a hive of bees being found in the roof of the chancel. The living has been held for many years by the Rev. Mr. Drake. Some time ago it came to his knowledge that a swarm of bees had settled in the roof of the chancel, but he would not allow them to be disturbed. A few months ago, however, the vicar died, and the bees have been destroyed by fumigation. On the honey being taken there was found to be nearly 2 cwt. of it, and the bees filled two moderately large barrels. It is stated that during hot weather the honey used to drop into the church.

IT is rare for Russian newspapers to take us behind the scenes and reveal the naked truth. Yet this is what the *Turkestan Gazette* has done. It has published a tabular statement showing that the total deficit of the Turkestan revenue for the fourteen years 1869—82 amounted to no less a sum than 80,139,937 roubles, or, at the lowest estimate of the rouble's value, more than eight millions sterling. It would thus appear that the most extreme estimates hitherto made of Russia's deficit have been far below the truth, and that the burden of the conquests of Tchernaieff, Kaufmann, and Skobeleff has, from a financial point of view, been very considerable indeed. In order to get at the truth of Russia's pecuniary loss in Central Asia, the cost of the Turcoman Campaigns and of the Transcaspian administration must be added to the figures published by the Tashkend paper. It seemsa moderate estimate, therefore, to say that altogether the Russian Government has lost at the rate of one million sterling a year since the formation of the Turkestan administrative province in 1867.

## MILITARY NEWS.

THE Indian Government Troopships Clive, Captain W. J. Powell, and Canning, Captain R. P. Creagh, sailed yesterday for Kurrachee, with 27 officers, 4 ladies, and 2 children; 2 warrant officers, 1 woman, and 7 children; 865 men, 18 women and 31 children, 248 followers, and 11 horses of the Loyal North Lancashire Regiment. The regiment arrived from Ahmednuggur and Poona by three special trains, and embarked on board the steamers Clive and Canning from Sassoon Dock.

IT is settled that Major-General J. I. Murray will succeed General Cureton in the command of the Lucknow Division.

LIEUTENANT DOMVILE, 1st Sind Horse, goes with Sir Robert Sandeman's Brahui contingent of the Zhob Valley Expeditionary Force. Surgeon R. I. Baker, I. M. D., goes in civil charge of the force.

COURT-MARTIAL.—Gunner Edward Collins, 9th Battery 1st Brigade Scottish Division, Royal Artillery, was charged as follows before a European District Court-martial:—Failing to appear at the place of parade appointed by his commanding officer on the 1st September at 5 p.m.; making away with, by pawning an Afghan war medal, 1878-80, granted to him by order of Her Majesty for service in the field; and losing by neglect one great-coat, the property of Government, valued at Rs. 10-1-1. The Court found the prisoner guilty, and sentenced him to eighty-four days' imprisonment, and to stoppages of pay until he has made good the value of the coat. Brigadier-General Stanley Edwardes, Commanding Bombay District, made the following order on the proceedings:—"I confirm the finding and sentence of the Court, but remit fifty-fourdays."

## THE POONA CENTRAL RIFLE MEETING.

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.)

MATCH XII.

The Commander-in-Chief's Prize—concluded 20th Sept., 200 and 500 yards.

| No. | | Points. | Rs. |
|---|---|---|---|
| 1 | Havr Cristnajee Metter, 9th N.I. | 58 | 30 |
| 2 | Naik Coostan DeSouza, 9th N.I. | 58 | 20 |
| 3 | Private Narayen Sillar, 19th N.I. | 56 | 10 |
| 4 | Jemadar Enaith Khan, 27th N.I. | 56 | 10 |
| 5 | Private Gowalia Sing, 23rd N.L.I. | 56 | 10 |
| 6 | Bugler Shaik Mahoued, 25th N.L.I. | 55 | 7 |
| 7 | Private Manajee Sinday, 23rd N.L.I. | 54 | 7 |
| 8 | Private Fuzal Deen, 30th N.I. | 54 | 7 |
| 9 | Private Akhbar Khan, 14th N.I. | 54 | 7 |
| 10 | Naik Oonkar Boojwa, 33rd N.L.I. | 54 | 7 |
| 11 | Private Shaik Imam, 9th N.I. | 54 | 5 |
| 12 | Jemadar Sekunder Khan, 5th N.L.I. | 54 | 5 |
| 13 | Private Sham Sing, 30th N.I. | 53 | 5 |
| 14 | Pte Ramawtar Persad, 8th N.I. | 53 | 5 |
| 15 | Pte Kasinath Khandgay, 5th N.L.I. | 53 | 3 |
| 16 | Jemadar Meer Manwar Ali, 13th N.I. | 53 | 3 |
| 17 | Private Shaik Chand, 23rd N.L.I. | 53 | 3 |
| 18 | Private Shaik Hoosein, 13th N.I. | 52 | 3 |
| 19 | Naik Narayen Mibowker, 17th N.I. | 52 | 3 |
| 20 | Private Dil Bax Sing, 13th N.I. | 52 | 3 |

Four counted out.

MATCH IV.

Marksman's Contest—Natives—concluded 20th Sept., 700 yards.

| No. | | Points. | Rs. |
|---|---|---|---|
| 1 | Private Baloo Simpee, 16th N.I. | 34 | 15 |
| 2 | Lce Naik Cristnajee Cudame, 9th N.I. | 32 | 10 |
| 3 | Private Manoel DeSouza, 9th N.I. | 30 | 8 |
| 4 | Havr Benee Madhow, 25th N.I. | 29 | 8 |
| 5 | Havr Major Gooria Khan, 29th N.I. | 29 | 7 |
| 6 | Havr Major Shaik Mybook, 23rd N.L.I. | 28 | 5 |
| 7 | Private Shaik Imam, 9th N.I. | 28 | 5 |
| 8 | Private Shaik Ebrahim, 22nd N.I. | 28 | 5 |
| 9 | Private Acbar Khan, 27th N.I. | 27 | 5 |
| 10 | Private Pedro Antone, 23rd N.L.I. | 27 | 3 |
| 11 | Private Hoop adow, 28th N.I. | 26 | 3 |
| 12 | Private Baboorao Soorway, 9th N.I. | 26 | 3 |
| 13 | Private Manajee Sinday, 23rd N.L.I. | 26 | 3 |
| 14 | Havr Deo Shet, 10th N.I. | 26 | 3 |
| 15 | Havr Bhau Metter, 17th N.I. | 26 | 3 |
| 16 | Private Syed Sumsoodeen, 19th N.I. | 26 | 3 |
| 17 | Naik Gunpatrao Sonoway, 10th N.I. | 26 | 3 |
| 18 | Naik Shaik Ahmed, 1st N.I. | 26 | 3 |
| 19 | Lce Naik Shaik Abdool Kader, 9th N.I. | 26 | 3 |
| 20 | Havr Ebrahim Khan, 8th N.I. | 26 | 3 |

Four counted out.

MATCH XXI.

Nursery Stakes.—European—concluded 22nd Sept.

| No. | | Points. | Rs. |
|---|---|---|---|
| 1 | Corporal McGhee, E Y Regt. | 30 | 25 |
| 2 | Pte. Lingwood, E Y Regt. | 30 | 15 |
| 3 | Trumpeter Connor, D-2 R A | 30 | 10 |
| 4 | Vol. Carvalho, Bom. Vol | 46 | 10 |
| 5 | Troop Sergt. Major Moore, 7th Dg. Gs. | 49 | 5 |
| 6 | Pte. Borden, Royal Lancaster | 48 | 5 |
| 7 | Pte. Barringham, E Y Regt | 47 | 5 |
| 8 | Corpl. Bennett, Royal Lancaster | 47 | 5 |
| 9 | Pte Tite, Royal Lancaster | 46 | 5 |
| 10 | Vol. Peyton, G. I. P. Vol. | 45 | 5 |

Three counted out.

MATCH I.

Europeans—concluded 22nd Sept.

| No. | | Points. | Rs. |
|---|---|---|---|
| 1 | Corpl McGhee, E Y Regt | 29 | 30 |
| 2 | Private Large, Lanc Fusiliers | 28 | 20 |
| 3 | Private Barret, R Lancaster | 27 | 15 |
| 4 | Private Davis, R Lancaster | 26 | 10 |
| 5 | Private Borden, R Lancaster | 26 | 10 |
| 6 | Private Barringham, E Y Regt | 26 | 10 |
| 7 | Private Ashcrcroft, Lanc Fusiliers | 26 | 5 |
| 8 | Corpl Bennett, Royal Lanc | 25 | 5 |
| 9 | Pte Wilson, E Y Regt | 25 | 5 |
| 10 | Sergt. Major Moore, 7th Dg. Guards | 24 | 5 |
| 11 | Sergt. Millett, Royal Lanc. | 24 | 5 |
| 12 | Pte White, Lanc Fusrs | 24 | 5 |

MATCH XVII.

The Kirkee Stakes—concluded 24th Sept.

| No. | | Points. | Rs. |
|---|---|---|---|
| 1 | Bombr W Skinner, D-2 R A | 44 | 20 |
| 2 | Sergt. Major Wark, R A | 43 | 15 |
| 3 | Driver Garrett, D-B R H A | 42 | 10 |
| 4 | Corpl Hall, E-I R A | 39 | 5 |
| 5 | B Sergt Major Allen, D-B R A | 38 | 5 |

MATCH VIII.

The Commander-in-Chief's Prize.—Squad Trial Stakes—Europeans.

| Prize. | | Score. | Rs. |
|---|---|---|---|
| 2nd Battalion R L Regt. / 2nd Battalion E Y Regt | Tie | 48 | 330 |

Non-Commissioned officer commanding the winning squads.

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Colour Sergt McLeod, Royal Lanc / Sergt. J. Pate, E Y Regt. | | Rs. 50 |

Squad Trial Stakes.—Natives.

| | Score. | Rs. |
|---|---|---|
| 1 25 Bom N L I | 104 | 220 |

Non-Commissioned officers commanding the winning squad.

Drill Havildar Bapu Mahadew, Rs. 30.

13 other teams competed. The following is the result:—

| No. | Regt. | Score. |
|---|---|---|
| 2 | 9th N. I. | 99 |
| 3 | 14th N. I. | 82 |
| 4 | 19th N. I. | 81 |
| 5 | 10th N. I. | 81 |
| 6 | 28th N. I. | 79 |
| 7 | 21st N. I. | 75 |
| 8 | 13th N. I. | 71 |
| 9 | 1st N. I. | 66 |
| 10 | 22nd N. I. | 66 |
| 11 | 30th N. I. | 58 |
| 12 | 16th N. I. | 57 |
| 13 | 8th N. I. | 56 |
| 14 | 7th N. I. | 54 |

## TELEGRAPHIC WEATHER REPORT.

SIMLA, Sept. 22.—The barometer is rising except at a few stations in the Central Provinces. This decrease arises from the advance northwestward of the distu ed near Vizagapatam yesterday, and affecting the central parts of the c urbance has, however, decreased and from the general rise of the to be filling up. A westerly wi the west coast and over the south ula, and a southerly current over le in north-western India the wi variable. Elsewhere, the wind is by low pressure, cyclonic circulation with the apices it shows a slight ly and south-easterly winds over the ance of southern has recommenced in the Northern Circars, Or Rain and Bengal, and extended as far as Allahabad; while in Gujarat, Central India, the Berars, and along the west coast rain continues steadily. In North-western India, however, except Ranikhet, over the Central Provinces, and the greater part of Madras, there is no rain reported. Rain to-day:—Akyab, 5 inches; Rajkot and Colombo, 2 inches; Dhubri and Rajahmundry, 1 inch; Benares, Deesa, Dhoolia, Ahmedabad, Malegaon, Bombay, Secunderabad, Cochin, Mangalore, Mercara, and Moulmein, ½ inch. Previously Malegaon had 5 inches; Pachmarhi, Dhulia, and Thyetmyo, 1 inch; Akola, Rajkote, Surat, Ratnagherry, Rajahmundry, Secunderabad, and Prome, ½ inch.

## RAINFALL IN BOMBAY.

| | Colaba. | | Fort. | | Esplanade. | | Byculla. | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| | In. | Cts. | In. | Cts. | In. | Cts. | In. | Cts. |
| Previously regtd.. | 62 | 91 | 74 | 58 | 71 | 05 | 70 | 02 |
| Sept. 22, Monday | 0 | 39 | .... | .... | .... | .... | .... | .... |
| ,, 23, Tuesday | .... | .... | 0 | 12 | 0 | 07 | 0 | 16 |
| Total | 63 | 30 | 74 | 70 | 71 | 12 | 70 | 18 |
| Last year | 72 | 14 | 58 | 23 | 75 | 78 | 84 | 39 |

## RAINFALL ON THE G. I. P. LINE.

WE are indebted to the Agent, G. I. P. Railway, for the following table of rainfall at stations along that line for the week ending the 19th September:—

| | In. | Cts. | | In. | Cts. |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Rawere | 32 | 76 | Dholali | 21 | 92 |
| Nimbora | 37 | 20 | Deoli | 21 | 92 |
| Nandi | 23 | 70 | Nargaon | 24 | 27 |
| Jaigaon | 22 | 99 | Warrungam | 27 | 45 |
| Sirsoli | 22 | 38 | Hudgi | 5 | 81 |
| Manasvad | 24 | 66 | Mehol | 7 | 83 |
| Mahuji | 20 | 64 | Mudna | 10 | 68 |
| Pachora | 16 | 57 | Harsi Road | 9 | 23 |
| Kasim | 21 | 27 | Kelim | 8 | 49 |
| Naidongri | 24 | 74 | Lehur | 14 | 69 |
| Chalisgaon | 13 | 43 | Pomalwari | 11 | 24 |
| Nandgaon | 15 | 20 | Dahsai | 5 | 21 |
| Manmad | 18 | 91 | Lanowli | 146 | 3 |
| Lasalgaon | 16 | 55 | Dhond | 7 | 20 |
| Kherwadi | 19 | 85 | Talegaon | 37 | 25 |
| Nassick | 20 | 65 | | | |

## A NEW USE FOR CRIMINALS.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE "BOMBAY GAZETTE."

SIR,—Could not a better use be made of criminals than hanging them? Let them be experimented on for the cure of the diseases by inoculation, of cholera, cancer, hydrophobia, &c. Now that Drs. Klein, Gibbs, and Lingard are in our midst, and as Mirza Aga Secunder is to be hanged on the 8th of October, let him be made the subject for experiments. If he survives them, let him be given his life. This will look rather odd, but it will go a good way to solve a difficult problem. It will have the effect of making worthless men useful.—Yours, &c.,

B. N. KHAMBATA.

## THE WAIL OF THE GOVERNMENT SLAVE.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE "BOMBAY GAZETTE."

SIR,—You told Dr. Peterson the other day that all that the slaves of Government had to do was to resign if they were not content. But after spending the best part of life in a particular line, it is not easy to adopt another. The Psalmist said, "O deliver me from the wrongful dealings of men," and the echo of those words has not died away yet. Men who tried in all ways to get themselves promoted, when successful in their object have no sympathy with others who are only imitating their example.

D.

## EURASIAN AND ANGLO-INDIAN ASSOCIATION.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE "BOMBAY GAZETTE."

SIR,—I have carefully perused the letter of your correspondent "Member" and the prompt reply of the Honorary Secretary thereto, and as the subject matter is still under discussion, I shall thank you to permit these lines also a place in your valuable journal. In the first place, I think it nothing but right that a matter of this kind should find its way into the public newspapers, so that all interested may get to know the nature of the controversy, and have time for consideration, before the Council meeting takes place, to deliberate upon the subject and frame the necessary rules. As far as could be gleaned from the secretary's letter, the only definite reason for demanding the large donation of Rs. 15 is to prevent the members from becoming defaulters, and thus forfeiting all claims to the fund. To this I would answer that, notwithstanding the precaution, if after payment of the donation of Rs. 15 a member still fails to pay a future call, and thereby forfeits his claim to the fund, that member would think, not twice, but thrice, before he would pay a similar donation again to rejoin the fund at any future period. A smaller donation—say of Rs. 2—with the distinct object of keeping one's membership or claims to the Benefit Fund alive—even if a member fails to pay one or two calls through being at sea or some other satisfactory reason no one will object to, I am sure; but Rs. 15 in one sum or by monthly instalments, very few could afford to pay under the circumstances. The working expenses of a little fund like this must indeed be very small, and can be well met out of the donations and monthly subscriptions of the Association. In return for it the interest accruing on the Death Benefit Fund and any unclaimed amount may be passed to the credit of that account, and by this arrangement there would be a desirable link between the two funds.

ONE INTERESTE

Bombay, Sept. 19.

## DIVINE SERVICE.

YOUNG MEN'S CHRISTIAN ASSOCI

SERVICE will be held on board the s.s. Prince's dock, this (Wednesday) eve seven o'clock, p.m. Captains, officers, are cordially invited. The Bethel Come and bring your friends.

THE SKIN.—The Glory of Man.—It contains the delic stitutes all that we term "I thousands have their skins coloured and impure soaps. soap is the purest of all soaps refreshing action upon the s climates. It removes all s white. Delicately perfume Chemists, Agents for Bomb

# BOMBAY.

TO-DAY.

Town Council, 3 p.m.
Meeting of the Council of the Eurasian and Anglo-Indian Association, 5 p.m.
Band, 10th Regiment N.I., Apollo-bundar, evening.

VESSELS ARRIVED.—The following vessels arrived yesterday:—Niagara (s), from Liverpool; Shirvante (s), Glasgow; Kalanide (s), Greenock.

VESSELS SAILED.—The following vessels sailed yesterday:—L. C. S. Clive and Canning, Kurrachee.

MUSIC AT THE APOLLO-BUNDER.—The following programme of music will be played this evening by the band of the 10th Regiment N. I., at the Apollo-bundar, commencing at 5-40:—

| | |
|---|---|
| March | The Good Comrade ..... Hawkes. |
| Overture | The Magic Flute ..... Mozart. |
| Air | Gems from Classical Masters ..... Rossini. |
| Grand Fantasia | Patience ..... Winterbottom. |
| Valse | La Source .....

work of a district officer to the judicial bench where like unhappy Theseus, he sits, and will sit, and where he knows that he is doomed to remain, uncheered by any of the delightful possibilities which gild the Secretariat horizon, until some day he may, if he is fortunate, be translated to the High Court, where he will enjoy a higher salary, a higher position, and eventually a better pension than he could otherwise obtain. It ought not to be forgotten that the High Court Judges are necessarily debarred the privilege which Members of Council, Secretaries and Under-Secretaries to Government enjoy, of performing their duties for the hot period of the year in a healthy climate. If the pay is made lower than, or even equalised with, that of other departments, it seems to me inevitable that the attraction to the judicial branch of the service will be weakened, and that the inclination of the most promising officials for executive work will become more pronounced than ever.

This is not a matter which affects myself, and I feel the more bound to mention it, as other Judges may feel a delicacy in doing so. The subject has already been brought by the Chief Justice before the Government and the Secretary of State, but I am not aware that the effect of the reduction in placing judicial salaries below those received by other officials has ever been considered. I think we ought to bring it with all the earnestness and emphasis in our power, to the attention of the Government, and record our protest against a change which seems to have originated, no one knows where, certainly not on the suggestion of any one acquainted with the facts of the case, and in which must inevitably, as years go on, tend to lower the standard of judicial efficiency in Bengal.

As a proof that a small difference in salary may make an important difference in the officials obtainable, I may point out that the Home and Revenue Secretaries to the Government of India receive Rs. 50,000 per annum, and the present Financial Secretary, I believe, distinctly refused to take the appointment unless his salary was kept at the same rate, so that the services of the most able and valuable officer would have been lost to the Government of India had his demand not been complied with. In the same way it has been found necessary to supplement the pay of the Home Secretary and the Comptroller General by personal allowances of Rs. 200 and Rs. 500 per mensem. If it is necessary to pay the incumbents of these offices at these rates, how can we hope that the best men in the service will be obtainable for judicial work at lower rates? Yet it is most important that the judicial branch should be able to command the best men to be found in the service. Upon capacity, zeal, and diligence of the Judges depend the most important issues,—the lives and fortunes of numerous persons, and the prestige of an administration of justice which is respected and trusted. Why are the men who are entrusted with these important duties to be less well paid than Secretaries to Government or the Members of the Board of Revenue? It is significant that the reduced salary has already cost the High Court the services of one able and experienced official, who had for several years been an officiating member of the Court, but preferred to return to his substantive appointment rather than accept the smaller pay; and that on a recent occasion we could not ask Government to fill an temporary vacancy, because we were unable to find any official whom we regarded as eligible and who was willing to accept the post.

## N.-W. PROVINCES, OUDH, AND PUNJAUB.

THE PROPOSED TOWN HALL FOR SIMLA.—The Government of India have at last sanctioned the raising of a Municipal loan of one and a half lakhs of rupees for the construction of the Kursaal, or Town Hall, on the Ridge at Simla. The loan is to bear interest at 6 per cent., and to be repayable, in three equal instalments, at the end of eight, fourteen, and eighteen years respectively. The Government-General in Council, however objects to the work being supervised by the officers of the Public Works Department, and cannot promise to lend the services of Mr. Irwin, architect of the Simla Imperial Offices, although it is understood that that gentleman will be permitted to complete the design. The Municipality are to arrange to obtain, on payment, the services of some competent officer to carry out the work. The Government of India, moreover, does not see any objection to the concern being converted into a joint stock company. It considers that the objection raised by the Punjab Government, in 1881, to such a proposal, might quite easily be met, and that stipulations might be introduced into an agreement to sufficiently guard against the drawbacks then anticipated. Such a company would be more free to carry out the project on sound financial lines—to include a provision for shops in the basement, a restaurant, and concert room for public assemblies, private balls, &c., for which purposes the building is likely to be in greater request than as a Town Hall. These most necessary adjuncts, it will be remembered, had to be sacrificed to meet the scruples of certain of the weaker brethren in council, and to disarm the opposition of other sections of the community, who consider that Municipalities have no right to cater for the public amusement, however greatly to the advantage of the public purse such an enterprise might be. And, in sacrificing the most profitable portion of the proposal, the best prospect of any adequate return on the capital vanishes. As a Town Hall, the building would probably prove an additional burden on the local finances, and it can in no way be called a very pressing necessity. As a Kursaal, under a good directorate, not only would it supply a want that is daily more and more felt in Simla, but it would certainly yield a handsome return. Now that the Simla Municipality appears as a united Council, under a thoroughly practical head, we may expect to see this work taken up with energy in one form or other.—*Civil and Military Gazette.*


## BANKS

### COMPTOIR D'ESCOMPTE DE PARIS.

HEAD OFFICE—PARIS.

SUBSCRIBED and PAID-UP CAPITAL ..... £3,200,000
RESERVE FUND ..... £800,000

LONDON BANKERS
BANK OF ENGLAND,
UNION BANK OF LONDON,
Messrs. C. J. HAMBRO & SON.

LONDON OFFICE—52, THREADNEEDLE STREET E. C.

CURRENT ACCOUNTS are kept, but no interest allowed.
DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS are opened for fixed periods at rates to be obtained on application. No deposits received for less than thirty days.
LETTERS OF CREDIT payable at any of the chief commercial towns and cities of the world.
DIVIDENDS, &c., on Government Paper and other stocks received for customers without charge, if remitted some through the bank.

CHARLES LOWELL, Manager.
1, Rampart Row, W.

### HONGKONG AND SHANGHAI BANKING CORPORATION.

PAID-UP CAPITAL ..... $7,500,000.
RESERVE FUND ..... $4,400,000.

RESERVE FOR EQUALIZATION OF DIVIDENDS ..... $ 400,000
RESERVE LIABILITY OF PROPRIETORS ..... $7,500,000

COURT OF DIRECTORS:
Chairman—A. P. McEWEN, Esq.
Deputy Chairman—Hon. F. D. SASSOON,
C. D. Bottomley, Esq. | H. Hopgius, Esq.
M. L. Dalrymple, Esq. | Hon. W. Keswick.
W. H. Forbes, Esq. | A. McIver, Esq.
M. Grote, Esq. | M. E. Sassoon, Esq.

CHIEF MANAGER:
Hongkong—The Hon. THOMAS JACKSON.
LONDON BANKERS—LONDON & COUNTY BANK.

BOMBAY—INTEREST ALLOWED.
On Current Deposit Accounts, at the rate of 2 per cent. per annum on the Daily Balance.
On Fixed Deposits:—
For 3 months, 3 per cent. per annum.
For 6 months, 4 per cent. per annum.
For 12 months, 5 per cent. per annum.
LOCAL BILLS DISCOUNTED.
CREDITS granted on approved Securities, and every description of Banking and Exchange business transacted.
DRAFTS granted on London, and the chief commercial places in Europe, India, Australia, America, China and Japan.

G. R. JOHNSTON,
Agent.

Offices of the Corporation, Church-gate-street, Bombay, September 15, 1884

### KEATING'S BONBONS OR WORMS TABLETS.

A PURELY VEGETABLE SWEETMEAT, both in appearance and taste, furnishing a most agreeable method of administering the only certain

## SALES BY AUCTION.

### MENESSE AND COMPANY.

AUCTION SALE OF GUNNY BAGS.

THIS DAY, WEDNESDAY, the 24th inst., at 2 p.m., Messrs. MENESSE & Co. will sell by Public Auction at Carnac-bunder, by order of Thucker Damjee Gokul and on account and risk of Samjee Ludha and Co.

Ex. s. s. Booldana.

B C—L—20 bales Barnagore Mills light gunny bags.

TO-MORROW THURSDAY, the 25th instant, Messrs. MENESSE & Co. will hold their weekly auction sale at their rooms of a quantity of grey and coloured piece-goods, twist, &c., viz.:

5 cases Turkey red twill.
2 cases T. R. bordered shirtings.
5 cases fancy coloured prints.
7 cases coloured muslins.
3 bales grey piece-goods.
5 cases bobbins.
20 cases Australian jams and jellies.
On account of the underwriters.
Ex. s. s. Adowa.
C E P—31 bags damaged China sugar.

MENESSE & CO.

Bombay, 24th September, 1884.

### MEHRJEE, JOHNSTON AND COMPANY.

No. 4, FORBES AND MEADOW-STREETS.

SALE OF MOST VALUABLE IMMOVEABLE PROPERTIES AT MALABAR HILL ROAD, IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY.
Suit No. 359 of 1880.

Bal Pirozbai and others ..... Plaintiffs.
vs.
Bai Cooverbai and others ..... Defendants.

Under instructions from the receiver appointed by the High Court in this suit, Messrs. MEHRJEE, JOHNSTON & Co. will sell by Public Auction THIS DAY, WEDNESDAY, the 24th September, 1884, at 4 p.m., on the premises, if not previously sold by private contract, the following valuable landed properties, relating to the estates of the late Dhunjeebhoy Muncherjee Readymoney, Esq.

Lot No. 1.—All that piece of land with the pucca-built chawl and stable thereon, and vacant land for building bungalows, admeasuring about 3,320 square yards, situate without the Fort of Bombay, fronting on the south side of Malabar Hill-road, and bounded on the north by Malabar Hill-road, on the south by Back-bay, on the east by Back-bay and partly by Malabar Hill-road, and on the west by the property lot No. 2.

Lot No. 2.—All that piece of land with the pucca-built large bungalow, fish pond, fresh water well, mango, cocoanut, and date trees thereon, admeasuring about 9,320 square yards, situate without the Fort of Bombay, fronting on the southside of Malabar Hill-road, and bounded on the north by Malabar Hill-road, on the south by Back-bay, on the east by property lot No. 1, and on the west by property lot No. 3 previously sold.

For further particulars and conditions of sale apply to Messrs. Ardaseer and Hormusjee solicitors for the receiver at No. 7, Rampart Row or to the undersigned at their office, No. 4, Forbes and Meadow-streets.

BONA-FIDE SALE.

Sale of valuable and handsome drawing, dining and bedroom furniture, splendid piano (Soundy & Co.,) full-sized slate billiard table complete by Roberts, inlaid ornamental cabinet, rich pictures, valuable books, plated-glass and porcelain ware, copper utensils, English meat safe, choice plants and ferns, handsome (new) brougham, &c., &c.

On MONDAY, the 29th instant, at 1-30 p.m., Messrs MEHRJEE, JOHNSTON and Co. will sell by public auction, at No. 18 (near the Gloria Church), Mazagon, the whole of the above property of Thomas Lidbeter, Esquire.

MEHRJEE, JOHNSTON & CO.

Bombay, 24th September, 1884.

### CRAWFORD AND COMPANY,
7, MARINE-STREET, BOMBAY.

TO-MORROW, THURSDAY, the 25th instant, at 2 p.m., Messrs. CRAWFORD & Co. will sell by Public Auction, at the Gunpowder Bunder warehouse, on account of the concerned, the undermentioned goods saved from the wrecked steamer "Galatia" and landed ex. s. s. "Bessie Morris":—

M. S—74 boxes of fire crackers.
" 7 cases of toy fire crackers.
" 3 packages mussli.
" 4 cases gum benjamin.
" 1 case tea.
" 3 cases painted can checks.
R. B—10 " tea.
F. A— 2 " arrowroot.
A. T— 7 " dies and chemicals.
A. M— 1 case brushes.
D. S K & Co. 2 cases arrowoot.
M. S— 4 robbins of yellow metalore.
S. J— 1 box wearing apparel.
B. S— 41 bags of rice.
H H S—3 " "
J H—11 " "
Various 15 bags of rice.
No mark 29 " "
7 " "

A deposit of 50 per cent. will be required at the time of sale.

SALE OF SUPERIOR TEAK SCANTLINGS.

On SATURDAY, the 27th instant, at 1 p. m., Messrs. CRAWFORD & Co. will sell by Public Auction at Tankbunder by order of Mr. Bhugwandass Bhagla.

Ex. s. s. Sirdhana.

100 tons superior teak scantlings of various sizes.
In small lots to suit purchasers.

On SATURDAY, the 27th instant, sale commencing at 1 p.m., Messrs. CRAWFORD and Co. are instructed to sell by Public Auction on the second floor of Sassoon Buildings, opposite the Custom House, in Marine-street, Fort, the valuable and handsome french-polished carved, and plain blackwood and teakwood household furniture, a mahogany full-sized slate billiard table by Thurston and Co., with balls, cues, &c., complete, 6, 8, 10, 12 and 18 light hanging chandeliers, 1, 2, 4, 8 and 10 light hanging argand lamps, table and wall argand lamps, kerosine-oil hanging, table and wall lamps, large size plate glasses in gilt frames, Brussels and velvet carpets, rich cut glassware, superior porcelain ware, table ornaments, &c., &c., of which full particulars will appear in to-morrows paper.

The property is now on view.

On SATURDAY, the 4th October, sale commencing at 1 p. m., Messrs. CRAWFORD and Co. are instructed to sell by public auction at Winter-road, Malabar Hill, the valuable and handsome french-polished blackwood and teakwood household furniture, best platedware, rich crockery and glassware, a sweet-toned mahogany square pianoforte by Schiedmayer and Soehne, first-rate pictures, rich table ornaments, superior real China flower vases and jars, &c., the property of G. H. FARRAN, Esq.

Catalogues will be published, and the property will be on view 4 days before the sale.

On SATURDAY, the 11th October, sale commencing at 1 p.m., Messrs. CRAWFORD and Co. are instructed to sell by Public Auction at Eddington House, Mazagon, opposite Hamilton's Hotel, the valuable and handsome french-polished blackwood and teakwood household furniture, best plated ware, rich crockery and glassware, rich table ornaments, handsome flower vases, pictures, table and hanging lamps, &c., the property of Captain W. E. HUTCHINSON.

Catalogues will be published, and the property will be on view 4 days before the sale.

CRAWFORD & CO.

Bombay, 24th September, 1884.

### BENNETT AND COMPANY,
No. 3, APOLLO-STREET.

AUCTION SALE of Horizontal Condensing Engine at the Sassoon Alliance Silk Mills, Victoria-road, Byculla.

Under instructions from the Secretaries and Directors, Sassoon and Alliance Silk Mill Company, Limited, Messrs. BENNETT and Co. will sell by Public Auction, at the abovementioned place, THIS DAY, WEDNESDAY, the 24th instant, at 3 p.m.

One horizontal condensing engine, fly spur wheel, 12 inches bronze, second motion pinion wheel and shaft with Inglis and Spence's patent corliss valves, capable of exerting upwards of 125 indicated horse-power, made by Messrs. Hick, Hargreave and Co., Engineers, Bolton, England, also a lot of surplus machinery such as piston, jankering, piston complete with rod, steel spindle for corliss valve, incomplete and complete corliss valves, pieces of main brass, incomplete metallic rings, &c., &c.

A deposit of 25 per cent. will be required at the time of sale.

The above is now on view at the mills.

On SATURDAY, the 27th instant, at 1 p. m., Messrs. BENNETT and Co. are instructed to sell by public auction at Victoria-road, near the Sassoon Alliance Silk Mill, the valuable and handsome blackwood and teakwood french-polished and richly carved household furniture, best plated ware, rich crockery and glassware, handsome mahogany grand square pianoforte, China and Japanese flower vases, firstrate oleographs, rich table ornaments, a handsome flea-bitten grey Arab horse, a powerful pony, a handsome powerful grey Arab horse, sets of single harness, &c., the property of W S Maugan, Esq., The same comprises rich star-cut glassware, handsome dinnert desert and tea services, best plated ware such as hotwater curry dishes, cruet and picklestands, breakfast companion, teapot, salver, spoons and forks, 12 pair desert knives and forks in mahogany case, cutlery by Mappin, handsome blackwood and teakwood french-polished and carved household furniture, such as a set of dining table in 4 pieces, sideboard, dumb waiters, whatnot, Madras pattern arm and without arm chairs, handsome cirvar pier, side oblong and writing tables, easy folding, reclining, long arm, rocking and drawing-room chairs, conversation sofas, ornament stands, corner pier tables and whatnots, 1 4 and 6 lights hanging kerosine lamps, a mahogany grand square pianoforte by McCombie and Wright, one mahogany harmonium, Brussel's carpet, 1-12 tuned musical box with flute, iron fourpost bedsteads, double plate glass door almira, clothes, presses, chest of drawers, single and double wall kerosine lamps, English washing stand, towel horses, &c.

AT 2 P. M.

1 handsome fast trotting grey arab horse.
1 fast trotting dog-cart pony,
1 strong built pony dog cart.
The property is now on view.

On SATURDAY, the 27th instant, at 2 p.m., Messrs. BENNETT & Co. will sell by Public Auction at their rooms—

25 cases Armand Gervaise cognac brandy.
25 " champagne brandy.
25 " old " "

AT 1-30 P.M.

1 handsome strong bay polo pony.
1 handsome strong bay pony, with pony dog-cart with

..., Messrs. BEN... blic Auction at ...ble and hand... ...ved french... ...t electro... ...a first... ...le by

## CHAMPAGNE.

### CALCUTTA EXHIBITION.

HIGHEST AWARD GOLD MEDAL AND CERTIFICATE.

### MESSRS. PERINET & FILS OF REIMS

BEG to announce, that anxious to extend the Trade in India of their Champagnes which are so well and favourably known in England, they have appointed Messrs. CUTLER, PALMER & Co. Agents for the BOMBAY PRESIDENCY and have instructed them to quote Rs. 56 per dozen Quarts. Pints Rs. 3 extra. Less an allowance for cash.

## PIANOFORTES

FOR

SALE, HIRE, OR ON THE EASY PURCHASE SYSTEM.

THE SYMPATHETIC GRAND SQUARE PIANOFORTE,
Solid Mahogany. Rs. 850.
(This Instrument was awarded a MEDAL and FIRST-CLASS CERTIFICATE at the Calcutta Exhibition.)

THE SYMPATHETIC GRAND SQUARE PIANOFORTE,
Ebonized. Rs. 900.

THE SYMPATHETIC CONCERT GRAND PIANOFORTE,
Solid Mahogany. Rs. 1,750.

EBONIZED GRAND SQUARE PIANOFORTE WITH ALL METAL WORK ELECTRO-PLATED,
Rs. 750.

R. LIPP & SONS' GRAND SQUARE PIANOFORTE,
Rs. 650 and Rs. 750.

THE CANTANTE RESONANTE SQUARE PIANOFORTE
Solid American Walnut. Rs. 550 and 650.

THE "BUNGALOW" SQUARE PIANOFORTE.
Solid Wood. Rs. 450.
(Compass six octaves.)

THE SYMPATHETIC COTTAGE PIANOFORTE,
Black and Gold. Rs. 650 and 750.

THE CANTANTE RESONANTE COTTAGE PIANOFORTE,
Cash Rs. 500 and 650.

THE BIJOU COTTAGE PIANO,
Compass 5 Octaves. Solid Walnut. Rs. 300.

N. B.—All the above have Iron Frames, and are WARRANTED to stand the Indian Climate.

FULL PARTICULARS ON APPLICATION
Pianos for HIRE in POONA and the districts at Reduced Rates.
CATALOGUES OF MUSIC POST FREE.

## S. ROSE & CO., BOMBAY,

SOUNDY & CO., LIMITED, BOMBAY.

### PRICE LIST OF AMERICAN ORGANS.

| | Rs. |
|---|---|
| THE "COMPANION" ORGAN, 32 inches high, 27½ inches long, one row of reeds, 3½ octaves. | 100 |
| THE "ECONOMY" ORGAN, Mason and Hamlin's, 4 octaves, C to C. 4 stops. Diapason, Viola, Flute, Melodia, and 2 knee swells | 225 |
| THE STERLING ORGAN "LA PETITE," the workmanship is first class and the reeds are carefully voiced:— | |
| STYLE A. Five Octaves, Five Stops—Diapason, Dulciana, Echo, Vox Humana, Dulcet and Knee Swell, | 300 |
| STYLE B. Five Octaves, Seven Stops—Diapason, Dulciana, Echo, Dulcet, Vox Humana, Bass Coupler, Treble Coupler and Knee Swell. | 350 |
| STYLE C. Five Octaves, Nine Stops—Principal, Hautboy, Flute, Violina, Diapason, Dulciana, Vox Humana, Echo, Dulcet and Knee Swell... | 400 |
| THE "ALBION," Elegant design in Solid Black Walnut, Five Octaves, Nine Stops—Principal, Hautboy, Flute, Violina, Diapason, Dulciana, Echo, Dulcet, Vox Humana, and Patent Grand Organ and Knee Swells. | 450 |
| The "IMPERIAL."—The case is constructed with brilliantly-figured walnut, with serrate fascias, or chevrons, and is crowned by a top of imposing height, combining architectural beauty with practical utility, in perfect accord. Five Octaves; Sub-Bass and Octave Coupler. Thirteen Stops—Flute, Dulciana, Echo, Celeste, Clarionet, La Brilliante, Principal, Diapason, Dulcet, Hautboy, Vox Humana, Sub-Bass, Coupler, and Patent Grand Organ and Knee Swells. | 650 |
| The "STUDENT" ORGAN," Mason and Hamlin's, Panelled front and ends, with ENGRAVED GOLD BRONZE ornamentation. Four-and-a-half Octaves, six Stops. | 400 |

SMITH COMPANY'S CEDAR AND WALNUT-WOOD ORGANS FOR TROPICAL CLIMATES.

The cases are made from the finest selected woods and are put together without depending upon glue. The ivory of the keys are fastened by metal pins.

| | Rs. |
|---|---|
| Organs with 5 octaves, without stops | 325 |
| Organs with 5 octaves and 4 stops | 360 |
| Organs with 5 octaves and 7 stops | 400 |

THE STERLING ORGAN COMPANY'S CHAPEL ORGAN.

Five Octaves; Sub-Bass and Octaves Coupler. Thirteen Stops—Flute, Dulciana, Echo, Celeste, Clarionet, La Brilliante, Principal, Diapason, Dulcet, Hautboy, Vox Humana, Sub-Bass, Coupler, and Patent Grand Organ and Knee Swells. ... ... ... 650

ILLUSTRATED PRICE LISTS FREE BY POST.

SOUNDY & CO., LIMITED, BOMBAY

## NOTICE OF REMOVAL.

### THORPE AND CO.,

HOSIERS, GLOVERS, SHIRTMAKERS

MILITARY TAILORS AND GENERAL OUTFITTERS,

BEG to notify that they have REMOVED to their NEW AND SPACIOUS PREMISES IN

RAMPART ROW,

OPPOSITE

THE

PRINCE OF WALES STATUE

AND

SASSOON INSTITUTE.

## CALCUTTA EXHIBITION.

### CUTLER PALMER AND CO.,

WINE MERCHANTS,

...Y, CALCUTTA, MADRAS, LAHORE, AND KURRACHEE,

...ded GOLD and SILVER MEDALS with FIRST CLASS CERTI...t for their own brands some of which are enumerated below:—

| | Credit. Per case. 1 doz. qts. | 2 doz. pts. |
|---|---|---|
| ...ERMAN | Rs. a. | Rs. a. |
| | ... 45 0 | 47 0 |
| | ...er 34 0 | 36 0 |
| | ... 45 0 | 47 0 |
| | ...4 0 | 36 0 |
| | ... 53 0 | |

| | Cash. Per case 1 doz. qts. | MARSALA. | Credit Per case. 1 doz. qts. |
|---|---|---|---|
| | Rs. a. | | Rs. a. |
| | 16 12 | Marsala ... ... ... ... ... ... | ... 17 8 |
| | | MADEIRA. | |
| | 37 12 | Madeira, E.I., black capsule ... ... | ... 39 8 |
| | 32 8 | Madeira ..red " ... ... | ... 34 0 |
| | 24 0 | Madeira ..blue " ... ... | ... 25 0 |
| | | HUNGARIAN WINE. | |
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| | 26 0 | Whisky, Irish, Finest Old Dublin, three shamrocks ... ... ... | 27 0 |
| | 24 0 | Whisky, Irish, Fine Old Dublin, one shamrock ... ... ... | 25 0 |
| | | Whisky, Irish, fine old, pure ... ... | ... 24 |
| | | Whisky, Irish, Crown Brand ... ... | ... 18 8 |
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| | | ...e Sibadey's Brandy ... ... ... | ... 20 8 |
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| | | ...y Capsule ... ... ... ... | ... 34 0 |
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| | | ...Capsule, 20 years old ... | ... 47 0 |
| | | ...est old Jamaica ... ... ... | ... 23 0 |
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| | | ...on Old Tom, ... ... ... | ... 23 0 |
| | | ... ... ... ... ... | ... 23 8 |
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